On some Ramanujan integrals concerning Riemann's functions $\xi(s)$ and $\Xi(t)$: mathematical connections with ϕ , $\zeta(2)$ and various parameters of Particle Physics. II

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Abstract

In this paper we have described and analyzed some Ramanujan integrals concerning Riemann's functions $\xi(s)$ and $\Xi(t)$. Furthermore, we have obtained several mathematical connections between ϕ , $\zeta(2)$ and various parameters of Particle Physics.

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An equation means nothing to me unless it expresses a thought of God.

Srinivasa Ramanujan (1887-1920)

https://mobygeek.com/features/indian-mathematician-srinivasa-ramanujan-quotes-11012

We want to highlight that the development of the various equations was carried out according an our possible logical and original interpretation

From:

New expressions for Riemann's functions $\xi(s)$ and $\Xi(t)$ – Srinivasa Ramanujan Quarterly Journal of Mathematics, XLVI, 1915, 253 – 260

We have that:

For:

$$\xi(s) = (s-1)\Gamma(1 + \frac{1}{2}s)\pi^{-\frac{1}{2}s}\zeta(s).$$

$$\xi(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}it) = \Xi(\frac{1}{2}t)$$

Thence, for t = 1:

$$(1/2+1/2i-1)$$
 gamma $(1+1/2*(1/2+1/2i))*Pi^(-1/2*(1/2+1/2i))*$ zeta $(1/2+1/2i)$

Innut

$$\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}i - 1\right)\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}i\right)\right)\pi^{-1/2(1/2+1/2i)}\zeta\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}i\right)$$

 $\Gamma(x)$ is the gamma function

 $\zeta(s)$ is the Riemann zeta function

i is the imaginary unit

Exact result:

$$\left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)\pi^{-1/4 - i/4} \zeta \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)\Gamma \left(\frac{5}{4} + \frac{i}{4}\right)$$

Decimal approximation:

0.494256987910076300380568818360138186867976223134574011846...

(using the principal branch of the logarithm for complex exponentiation)

0.49425698791.....

Alternate forms:

$$-\frac{1}{4}\pi^{-1/4-i/4}\zeta\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} + \frac{i}{4}\right)$$

$$\left(-\frac{4}{13} + \frac{6i}{13}\right)\pi^{-1/4-i/4}\left(\frac{5}{4} + \frac{i}{4}\right)!\zeta\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)$$

n! is the factorial function

Alternative representations:

$$\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} - 1\right) \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)\right) \pi^{1/2} \frac{(1/2 + i/2)(-1)}{\zeta} \zeta\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right) = \left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right) \exp\left(-\log G\left(1 + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)\right) + \log G\left(2 + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)\right)\right) \pi^{1/2} \frac{(-1/2 - i/2)}{\zeta} \zeta\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}, 1\right)$$

$$\begin{split} &\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} - 1\right) \Gamma \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)\right) \pi^{1/2 \, (1/2 + i/2) \, (-1)} \, \zeta \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right) = \\ &\left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right) (1)_{\frac{1}{2}} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right) \pi^{1/2 \, (-1/2 - i/2)} \, \zeta \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}, \, 1\right) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} - 1\right) \Gamma \bigg(1 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right) \bigg) \pi^{1/2 \, (1/2 + i/2) \, (-1)} \, \zeta \bigg(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\bigg) = \\ \left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right) G \bigg(2 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right) \bigg) \pi^{1/2 \, (-1/2 - i/2)} \, \zeta \bigg(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} \, , \, 1\bigg) \\ G \bigg(1 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right) \bigg) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} &\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} - 1\right) \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)\right) \pi^{1/2 \, (1/2 + i/2) \, (-1)} \, \zeta\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right) = \\ &\pi^{-1/4 - i/4} \, \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4} + \frac{i}{4}\right) \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\sum_{k=0}^{n} \, (-1)^k \, (1 + k)^{1/2 - i/2} \, \binom{n}{k}}{1 + n} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} &\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} - 1\right) \Gamma \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)\right) \pi^{1/2 \, (1/2 + i/2) \, (-1)} \, \zeta \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right) = \\ & \frac{(1 - i) \, 2^{-1 + i/2} \, \pi^{-1/4 - i/4} \, \Gamma \left(\frac{5}{4} + \frac{i}{4}\right) \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \, 2^{-1 - n} \, \sum_{k=0}^{n} \, (-1)^k \, (1 + k)^{-1/2 - i/2} \left(\frac{n}{k}\right)}{-2^{i/2} + \sqrt{2}} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} &\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} - 1\right) \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)\right) \pi^{1/2 \, (1/2 + i/2) \, (-1)} \, \zeta\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right) = \\ & \left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right) \pi^{-1/4 - i/4} \, \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4} + \frac{i}{4}\right) \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right) - s_0\right)^k \, \zeta^{(k)}(s_0)}{k!} \quad \text{for } s_0 \neq 1 \end{split}$$

Integral representations:

$$\begin{split} &\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} - 1\right) \Gamma \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)\right) \pi^{1/2 \, (1/2 + i/2) \, (-1)} \, \zeta \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right) = \\ &- \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2}\right) \pi^{-1/4 - i/4} \, \Gamma \left(\frac{5}{4} + \frac{i}{4}\right)}{\left(1 - 2^{\, 1/2 - i/2}\right) \, \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)} \, \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{t^{-1/2 + i/2}}{1 + e^{t}} \, dt \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} &\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} - 1\right) \Gamma \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)\right) \pi^{1/2 \, (1/2 + i/2) \, (-1)} \, \zeta \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right) = \\ & \frac{(1 - i) \, 2^{-1 + i/2} \, \pi^{-1/4 - i/4} \left(\int_0^\infty \frac{t^{-1/2 + i/2}}{1 + e^t} \, dt\right) \int_0^1 \log^{1/4 + i/4} \left(\frac{1}{t}\right) dt}{\left(-2^{i/2} + \sqrt{2}\right) \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} & \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} - 1\right) \Gamma \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)\right) \pi^{1/2 \, (1/2 + i/2) \, (-1)} \, \zeta \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right) = \\ & \frac{(1 - i) \, 2^{-3/2 + i} \, \pi^{-1/4 - i/4} \left(\int_0^1 \log^{1/4 + i/4} \! \left(\frac{1}{t}\right) dt\right) \int_0^\infty t^{1/2 + i/2} \, \mathrm{sech}^2(t) \, dt}{\left(-2^{i/2} + \sqrt{2}\right) \Gamma \left(\frac{3}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)} \end{split}$$

From

$$\alpha^{-\frac{1}{4}} \left\{ \frac{1}{1+t^2} - 4\alpha \int_0^\infty \left(\frac{3}{3^2+t^2} - \frac{\alpha}{1!} \frac{7x^2}{7^2+t^2} + \frac{\alpha^2}{2!} \frac{11x^4}{11^2+t^2} - \cdots \right) \frac{x \, dx}{e^{2\pi x} - 1} \right\}$$

$$+ \beta^{-\frac{1}{4}} \left\{ \frac{1}{1+t^2} - 4\beta \int_0^\infty \left(\frac{3}{3^2+t^2} - \frac{\beta}{1!} \frac{7x^2}{7^2+t^2} + \frac{\beta^2}{2!} \frac{11x^4}{11^2+t^2} - \cdots \right) \frac{x \, dx}{e^{2\pi x} - 1} \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \pi^{-\frac{3}{4}} \Gamma\left(\frac{-1+it}{4} \right) \Gamma\left(\frac{-1-it}{4} \right) \Xi\left(\frac{1}{2}t \right) \cos\left(\frac{t}{8} \log \frac{\alpha}{\beta} \right).$$
 (9)

For t = 1, $\alpha = 2$, $\beta = \pi^2 / 2$, and $\Xi(1/2 t) = 0.49425698791$, we obtain:

 $1/4*Pi^{(-3/4)}*$ gamma ((-1+i)/4)* gamma ((-1-i)/4)* 0.49425698791 * $cos(1/8*ln(Pi^{(2)}))$

Input interpretation:

$$\frac{1}{4} \, \pi^{-3/4} \, \Gamma \! \left(\frac{1}{4} \, (-1 + i) \right) \! \Gamma \! \left(\frac{1}{4} \, (-1 - i) \right) \! \times \! 0.49425698791 \, \cos \! \left(\frac{1}{8} \, \log (\pi^2) \right)$$

log(x) is the natural logarithm

i is the imaginary unit

Result:

0.51792798277...

0.51792798277...

Alternative representations:

$$\begin{split} &\frac{1}{4} \left(\pi^{-3/4} \; \Gamma \bigg(\frac{1}{4} \; (-1+i) \bigg) \right) \Gamma \bigg(\frac{1}{4} \; (-1-i) \bigg) \bigg(0.494256987910000 \; \cos \bigg(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8} \bigg) \bigg) = \\ &\frac{1}{4} \times 0.494256987910000 \; \cosh \bigg(\frac{1}{8} \; i \; \log(\pi^2) \bigg) \\ &\exp \bigg(-\log G \bigg(\frac{1}{4} \; (-1-i) \bigg) + \log G \bigg(1 + \frac{1}{4} \; (-1-i) \bigg) \bigg) \\ &\exp \bigg(-\log G \bigg(\frac{1}{4} \; (-1+i) \bigg) + \log G \bigg(1 + \frac{1}{4} \; (-1+i) \bigg) \bigg) \pi^{-3/4} \end{split}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(\pi^{-3/4} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} (-1+i)\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} (-1-i)\right) \left(0.494256987910000 \cos\left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8}\right)\right) = \\ \frac{0.494256987910000 G\left(1+\frac{1}{4} (-1-i)\right) G\left(1+\frac{1}{4} (-1+i)\right) \cosh\left(\frac{1}{8} i \log(\pi^2)\right) \pi^{-3/4}}{4 G\left(\frac{1}{4} (-1-i)\right) G\left(\frac{1}{4} (-1+i)\right)}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{1}{4} \left(\pi^{-3/4} \; \Gamma \bigg(\frac{1}{4} \; (-1+i) \bigg) \right) \Gamma \bigg(\frac{1}{4} \; (-1-i) \bigg) \bigg(0.494256987910000 \; \cos \bigg(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8} \bigg) \bigg) = \\ \frac{0.494256987910000 \; G \bigg(1 + \frac{1}{4} \; (-1-i) \bigg) \; G \bigg(1 + \frac{1}{4} \; (-1+i) \bigg) \; \cosh \bigg(-\frac{1}{8} \; i \; \log(\pi^2) \bigg) \; \pi^{-3/4}}{4 \; G \bigg(\frac{1}{4} \; (-1-i) \bigg) \; G \bigg(\frac{1}{4} \; (-1+i) \bigg)} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{1}{4} \left(\pi^{-3/4} \; \Gamma \bigg(\frac{1}{4} \; (-1+i) \bigg) \bigg) \Gamma \bigg(\frac{1}{4} \; (-1-i) \bigg) \bigg(0.494256987910000 \cos \bigg(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8} \bigg) \bigg) = \\ \frac{1}{\pi^{3/4}} \; 0.123564246977500 \left(1.0000000000000000 J_0 \bigg(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8} \bigg) \right) \\ \sum_{k_1 = 0}^{\infty} \sum_{k_2 = 0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{4} \; (-1+i) - z_0 \right)^{k_1} \; \left(-\frac{1}{4} - \frac{i}{4} - z_0 \right)^{k_2} \; \Gamma^{(k_1)}(z_0) \; \Gamma^{(k_2)}(z_0)}{k_1! \, k_2!} \; + \\ 2.0000000000000000 \\ \sum_{k_1 = 1}^{\infty} \sum_{k_2 = 0}^{\infty} \sum_{k_3 = 0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k_2! \, k_3!} \; (-1)^{k_1} \; J_2 \, k_1 \bigg(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8} \bigg) \bigg(\frac{1}{4} \; (-1+i) - z_0 \bigg)^{k_2} \\ \left(-\frac{1}{4} - \frac{i}{4} - z_0 \bigg)^{k_3} \; \Gamma^{(k_2)}(z_0) \; \Gamma^{(k_3)}(z_0) \right) \; \text{for} \; (z_0 \notin \mathbb{Z} \; \text{or} \; z_0 > 0) \end{split}$$

Integral representations:

$$\begin{split} &\frac{1}{4} \left(\pi^{-3/4} \, \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} \, (-1+i) \right) \right) \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} \, (-1-i) \right) \left(0.494256987910000 \, \cos \left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8} \right) \right) = \\ &- \frac{0.494256987910000 \, \pi^{5/4} \, \mathcal{A}^2}{\oint e^t \, t^{1/4+i/4} \, dt \, \oint e^t \, t^{1/4-i/4} \, dt} \, \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8}} \sin(t) \, dt \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} &\frac{1}{4} \left(\pi^{-3/4} \; \Gamma \bigg(\frac{1}{4} \; (-1+i) \bigg) \right) \Gamma \bigg(\frac{1}{4} \; (-1-i) \bigg) \bigg(0.494256987910000 \; \cos \bigg(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8} \bigg) \bigg) = \\ &- \bigg[\bigg(0.0617821234887500 \; \pi^{5/4} \; \mathcal{A}^2 \; \bigg(-8.00000000000000 \; + \right) \bigg] \end{split}$$

$$\log(\pi^2) \int_0^1 \sin \left(\frac{1}{8} \ t \ \log(\pi^2) \right) dt \bigg) \bigg) \bigg/ \left(\oint_L e^t \ t^{1/4 + i/4} \ dt \ \oint_L e^t \ t^{1/4 - i/4} \ dt \right) \bigg)$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{1}{4} \left(\pi^{-3/4} \; \Gamma \bigg(\frac{1}{4} \; (-1+i) \bigg) \right) \Gamma \bigg(\frac{1}{4} \; (-1-i) \bigg) \bigg(0.494256987910000 \; \cos \bigg(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8} \bigg) \bigg) = \\ \frac{0.247128493955000 \sqrt[4]{\pi} \; \mathcal{A} \sqrt{\pi}}{\oint_{L} e^t \; t^{1/4+i/4} \; dt \; \oint_{L} e^t \; t^{1/4-i/4} \; dt} \; \int_{-\mathcal{A} \; \infty + \gamma}^{\mathcal{A} \; \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{s - \log^2\left(\pi^2\right)/(256 \, s)}}{\sqrt{s}} \; ds \; \; \text{for} \; \gamma > 0 \end{split}$$

Multiple-argument formulas:

We note that, multiplying by π the above expression and subtracting $(7+2)/10^3$ (where 7 and 2 are primes and Lucas numbers), we obtain:

$$Pi*(((1/4*Pi^{-3/4})*gamma ((-1+i)/4)*gamma ((-1-i)/4)*0.49425698791*cos(1/8*ln(Pi^{-2}))))-(7+2)1/10^{-3}$$

Input interpretation:

$$\pi \left(\frac{1}{4} \pi^{-3/4} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} (-1+i)\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} (-1-i)\right) \times 0.49425698791 \cos\left(\frac{1}{8} \log(\pi^2)\right)\right) - (7+2) \times \frac{1}{10^3}$$

 $\Gamma(x)$ is the gamma function

log(x) is the natural logarithm

Result:

1.6181187458...

1.6181187458...

Alternative representations:

$$\begin{split} &\frac{1}{4}\pi\pi^{-3/4}\left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)0.494256987910000\cos\left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8}\right)\right)\right) - \frac{7+2}{10^3} = \\ &\frac{1}{4}\times0.494256987910000\pi\cosh\left(\frac{1}{8}i\log(\pi^2)\right) \\ &\exp\left(-\log G\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right) + \log G\left(1+\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)\right) \\ &\exp\left(-\log G\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right) + \log G\left(1+\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\right)\pi^{-3/4} - \frac{9}{10^3} \end{split}$$

$$\frac{1}{4}\pi\pi^{-3/4}\left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)0.494256987910000\cos\left(\frac{\log(\pi^{2})}{8}\right)\right)\right)-\frac{7+2}{10^{3}}=\\ \frac{0.494256987910000\pi G\left(1+\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)G\left(1+\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\cosh\left(\frac{1}{8}i\log(\pi^{2})\right)\pi^{-3/4}}{4G\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)G\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)}-\frac{9}{10^{3}}$$

$$\frac{1}{4}\pi\pi^{-3/4}\left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)0.494256987910000\cos\left(\frac{\log(\pi^{2})}{8}\right)\right)\right)-\frac{7+2}{10^{3}}=\frac{0.494256987910000\pi G\left(1+\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)G\left(1+\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\cosh\left(-\frac{1}{8}i\log(\pi^{2})\right)\pi^{-3/4}}{4G\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)G\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)}-\frac{9}{10^{3}}$$

Series representations:

 $(-1-i)^{k_2} (-1+i)^{k_3} J_{2k_1} \left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8} \right) \Gamma^{(k_2)}(1) \Gamma^{(k_3)}(1) \bigg| \bigg| \bigg/$

Integral representations:

$$\begin{split} &\frac{1}{4}\pi\pi^{-3/4}\left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)0.494256987910000\cos\left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8}\right)\right)\right)-\frac{7+2}{10^3} = \\ &-\frac{9}{1000}-\frac{0.494256987910000\pi^{9/4}\mathcal{A}^2}{\oint_L e^t t^{1/4+i/4}dt\oint_L e^t t^{1/4-i/4}dt}\int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8}}\sin(t)dt \end{split}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \pi \pi^{-3/4} \left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} (-1+i)\right) \left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} (-1-i)\right) 0.494256987910000 \cos\left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8}\right) \right) \right) - \frac{7+2}{10^3} = -\frac{9}{1000} + \frac{\pi^{9/4} \mathcal{A}^2 \left(0.49425698791000 - 0.061782123488750 \log(\pi^2) \int_0^1 \sin\left(\frac{1}{8} t \log(\pi^2)\right) dt \right)}{\oint_L e^t t^{1/4+i/4} dt \oint_L e^t t^{1/4-i/4} dt}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{1}{4} \pi \pi^{-3/4} \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 + i \right) \right) \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 - i \right) \right) 0.494256987910000 \cos \left(\frac{\log \left(\pi^2 \right)}{8} \right) \right) \right) - \frac{7 + 2}{10^3} = \\ - \frac{9}{1000} + \frac{0.247128493955000 \pi^{5/4} \mathcal{A} \sqrt{\pi}}{\oint_L e^t t^{1/4 + i/4} dt \oint_L e^t t^{1/4 - i/4} dt} \int_{-\mathcal{A} \infty + \gamma}^{\mathcal{A} \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{s - \log^2 \left(\pi^2 \right) / (256 s)}}{\sqrt{s}} ds \quad \text{for } \gamma > 0 \end{split}$$

Multiple-argument formulas:

$$\begin{split} &\frac{1}{4}\pi\pi^{-3/4}\left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)0.494256987910000\cos\left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8}\right)\right)\right)-\frac{7+2}{10^3} = \\ &-0.009000000000000000 + \\ &\frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}^2}\sqrt[4]{\pi}\left(-0.0218432792374999 + 0.0436865584749998\cos^2\left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{16}\right)\right) \\ &\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{8}\left(-1-i\right)\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{8}-\frac{i}{8}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{8}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{3+i}{8}\right) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{1}{4} \pi \pi^{-3/4} \left(\Gamma \bigg(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 + i \right) \bigg) \bigg(\Gamma \bigg(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 - i \right) \right) 0.494256987910000 \cos \bigg(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8} \bigg) \bigg) \right) - \frac{7 + 2}{10^3} = \\ -0.00900000000000000 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi^2}} \sqrt[4]{\pi} \ \Gamma \bigg(\frac{1}{8} \left(-1 - i \right) \bigg) \Gamma \bigg(\frac{3}{8} - \frac{i}{8} \bigg) \Gamma \bigg(\frac{1}{8} \left(-1 + i \right) \bigg) \\ \Gamma \bigg(\frac{3 + i}{8} \bigg) \bigg(0.0218432792374999 - 0.0436865584749998 \sin^2 \bigg(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{16} \bigg) \bigg) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} &\frac{1}{4}\pi\pi^{-3/4}\left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)0.494256987910000\cos\left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8}\right)\right)\right)-\frac{7+2}{10^3}=\\ &-\frac{9}{1000}+\frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}^2}\ 0.0873731169499996\sqrt[4]{\pi}\\ &\left(-0.7500000000000000\cos\left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{24}\right)+1.00000000000000\cos^3\left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{24}\right)\right)\\ &\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{8}\left(-1-i\right)\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{8}-\frac{i}{8}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{8}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{3+i}{8}\right) \end{split}$$

From the same expression, we obtain also:

 $10^3(((Pi^*(((1/4*Pi^{(-3/4)}*gamma((-1+i)/4)*gamma((-1-i)/4)*0.49425698791*cos(1/8*ln(Pi^2)))))+(47-2)/10^3)))$

Input interpretation:

$$10^{3} \left(\pi \left(\frac{1}{4} \, \pi^{-3/4} \, \Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4} \, (-1+i)\right) \Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4} \, (-1-i)\right) \times 0.49425698791 \, \cos\!\left(\frac{1}{8} \, \log(\pi^{2})\right)\right) + \frac{47-2}{10^{3}}\right) + \frac{1}{10^{3}} \left(\frac{1}{4} \, (-1+i)\right) \left(\frac{1}{4} \, (-1+i)\right) \left(\frac{1}{4} \, (-1+i)\right) \times 0.49425698791 \, \cos\!\left(\frac{1}{8} \, \log(\pi^{2})\right) + \frac{47-2}{10^{3}}\right) + \frac{1}{10^{3}} \left(\frac{1}{4} \, (-1+i)\right) \left(\frac{1}{4} \, (-1+i)\right) \left(\frac{1}{4} \, (-1+i)\right) \times 0.49425698791 \, \cos\!\left(\frac{1}{8} \, \log(\pi^{2})\right) + \frac{47-2}{10^{3}}\right) + \frac{1}{10^{3}} \left(\frac{1}{4} \, (-1+i)\right) \left(\frac{1}$$

 $\Gamma(x)$ is the gamma function

log(x) is the natural logarithm

i is the imaginary unit

Result:

1672.1187458...

1672.1187458... result practically equal to the rest mass of Omega baryon 1672.45

Alternative representations:

$$\begin{split} 10^{3} \left(\frac{1}{4} \pi \pi^{-3/4} \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 + i \right) \right) \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 - i \right) \right) 0.494256987910000 \cos \left(\frac{\log(\pi^{2})}{8} \right) \right) \right) + \\ \frac{47 - 2}{10^{3}} \right) &= 10^{3} \left(\frac{1}{4} \times 0.494256987910000 \pi \cosh \left(\frac{1}{8} i \log(\pi^{2}) \right) \right) \\ &= \exp \left(-\log G \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 - i \right) \right) + \log G \left(1 + \frac{1}{4} \left(-1 - i \right) \right) \right) \\ &= \exp \left(-\log G \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 + i \right) \right) + \log G \left(1 + \frac{1}{4} \left(-1 + i \right) \right) \right) \pi^{-3/4} + \frac{45}{10^{3}} \right) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} 10^{3} \left(\frac{1}{4} \pi \pi^{-3/4} \left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1+i\right)\right) \left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1-i\right)\right) 0.494256987910000 \cos\left(\frac{\log(\pi^{2})}{8}\right)\right)\right) + \\ & \frac{47-2}{10^{3}}\right) = \\ 10^{3} \left(\frac{0.494256987910000 \pi G\left(1+\frac{1}{4} \left(-1-i\right)\right) G\left(1+\frac{1}{4} \left(-1+i\right)\right) \cosh\left(\frac{1}{8} i \log(\pi^{2})\right) \pi^{-3/4}}{4 G\left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1-i\right)\right) G\left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1+i\right)\right)} + \\ & \frac{45}{10^{3}}\right) \\ 10^{3} \left(\frac{1}{4} \pi \pi^{-3/4} \left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1+i\right)\right) \left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1-i\right)\right) 0.494256987910000 \cos\left(\frac{\log(\pi^{2})}{8}\right)\right)\right) + \\ & \frac{47-2}{10^{3}}\right) = 10^{3} \\ \left(\frac{0.494256987910000 \pi G\left(1+\frac{1}{4} \left(-1-i\right)\right) G\left(1+\frac{1}{4} \left(-1+i\right)\right) \cosh\left(-\frac{1}{8} i \log(\pi^{2})\right) \pi^{-3/4}}{4 G\left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1-i\right)\right) G\left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1+i\right)\right)} + \\ & \frac{45}{10^{3}}\right) \end{split}$$

Integral representations:

$$10^{3} \left(\frac{1}{4} \pi \pi^{-3/4} \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1+i) \right) \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1-i) \right) 0.494256987910000 \cos \left(\frac{\log(\pi^{2})}{8} \right) \right) \right) + \frac{47-2}{10^{3}} \right) = 45 - \frac{494.256987910000 \pi^{9/4} \mathcal{A}^{2}}{\oint_{L} t^{1/4+i/4} dt \oint_{L} t^{1/4-i/4} dt} \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\log(\pi^{2})}{8} \sin(t) dt} dt$$

$$\begin{split} 10^{3} \left(\frac{1}{4} \pi \pi^{-3/4} \left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1+i\right)\right) \left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1-i\right)\right) 0.494256987910000 \cos\left(\frac{\log(\pi^{2})}{8}\right)\right)\right) + \\ \frac{47-2}{10^{3}} \right) &= \\ 45 + \frac{\pi^{9/4} \mathcal{A}^{2} \left(494.25698791000 - 61.782123488750 \log(\pi^{2}) \int_{0}^{1} \sin\left(\frac{1}{8} t \log(\pi^{2})\right) dt\right)}{\oint e^{t} t^{1/4+i/4} dt \oint e^{t} t^{1/4-i/4} dt} \\ 10^{3} \left(\frac{1}{4} \pi \pi^{-3/4} \left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1+i\right)\right) \left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1-i\right)\right) 0.494256987910000 \cos\left(\frac{\log(\pi^{2})}{8}\right)\right)\right) + \\ \frac{47-2}{10^{3}} \right) &= \\ 45 + \frac{247.128493955000 \pi^{5/4} \mathcal{A} \sqrt{\pi}}{\oint e^{t} t^{1/4+i/4} dt \oint e^{t} t^{1/4-i/4} dt} \int_{-\mathcal{A} \infty + \gamma}^{\mathcal{A} \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{s-\log^{2}(\pi^{2})/(256s)}}{\sqrt{s}} ds \text{ for } \gamma > 0 \end{split}$$

Multiple-argument formulas:

$$\begin{split} 10^3 \left(\frac{1}{4} \pi \pi^{-3/4} \left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1+i\right)\right) \left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1-i\right)\right) 0.494256987910000 \cos\left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8}\right)\right)\right) + \\ \frac{47-2}{10^3} \right) &= 45.00000000000000 + \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}^2} \sqrt[4]{\pi} \left(-21.8432792374999 + 43.6865584749998 \cos^2\left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{16}\right)\right) \\ \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{8} \left(-1-i\right)\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{8} - \frac{i}{8}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{8} \left(-1+i\right)\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{3+i}{8}\right) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} 10^3 \left(\frac{1}{4} \pi \pi^{-3/4} \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1+i\right)\right) \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1-i\right)\right) 0.494256987910000 \cos \left(\frac{\log \left(\pi^2\right)}{8}\right)\right)\right) + \\ \frac{47-2}{10^3} \right) &= 45.000000000000000 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}^2} \sqrt[4]{\pi} \ \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{8} \left(-1-i\right)\right) \Gamma \left(\frac{3}{8} - \frac{i}{8}\right) \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{8} \left(-1+i\right)\right) \\ \Gamma \left(\frac{3+i}{8}\right) \left(21.8432792374999 - 43.6865584749998 \sin^2 \left(\frac{\log \left(\pi^2\right)}{16}\right)\right) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} 10^3 \left(\frac{1}{4} \pi \pi^{-3/4} \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1+i\right)\right) \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1-i\right)\right) 0.494256987910000 \cos \left(\frac{\log (\pi^2)}{8}\right)\right)\right) + \\ \frac{47-2}{10^3} \right) &= 45 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi^2}} \ 87.3731169499996 \sqrt[4]{\pi} \\ \left(-0.75000000000000000000 \cos \left(\frac{\log (\pi^2)}{24}\right) + 1.000000000000000 \cos \left(\frac{\log (\pi^2)}{24}\right)\right) \\ \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{8} \left(-1-i\right)\right) \Gamma \left(\frac{3}{8} - \frac{i}{8}\right) \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{8} \left(-1+i\right)\right) \Gamma \left(\frac{3+i}{8}\right) \end{split}$$

And again, we obtain:

76Pi*(((1/4*Pi^(-3/4) * gamma ((-1+i)/4) * gamma ((-1-i)/4) * 0.49425698791 * cos(1/8*ln(Pi^2)))))+2

Input interpretation:

$$76 \pi \left(\frac{1}{4} \pi^{-3/4} \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1+i)\right) \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1-i)\right) \times 0.49425698791 \cos \left(\frac{1}{8} \log (\pi^2)\right)\right) + 2 \pi \left(\frac{1}{4} \pi^{-3/4} \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1+i)\right) \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1-i)\right) \times 0.49425698791 \cos \left(\frac{1}{8} \log (\pi^2)\right)\right) + 2 \pi \left(\frac{1}{4} \pi^{-3/4} \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1+i)\right) \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1-i)\right) \times 0.49425698791 \cos \left(\frac{1}{8} \log (\pi^2)\right)\right) + 2 \pi \left(\frac{1}{4} \pi^{-3/4} \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1+i)\right) \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1-i)\right) \times 0.49425698791 \cos \left(\frac{1}{8} \log (\pi^2)\right)\right) + 2 \pi \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1+i)\right) \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1+i)\right) \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1+i)\right) \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1+i)\right) \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1+i)\right$$

 $\Gamma(x)$ is the gamma function

log(x) is the natural logarithm

i is the imaginary unit

Result:

125.66102468...

125.66102468...

Alternative representations:

$$\begin{split} &\frac{1}{4} \left(76 \, \pi\right) \pi^{-3/4} \left(\Gamma \bigg(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 + i \right) \bigg) \bigg(\Gamma \bigg(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 - i \right) \bigg) \, 0.494256987910000 \, \cos \bigg(\frac{\log \left(\pi^2 \right)}{8} \bigg) \bigg) \right) + 2 = \\ &2 + \frac{1}{4} \times 37.5635310811600 \, \pi \, \cosh \bigg(\frac{1}{8} \, i \, \log \left(\pi^2 \right) \bigg) \\ &\exp \bigg(-\log G \bigg(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 - i \right) \bigg) + \log G \bigg(1 + \frac{1}{4} \left(-1 - i \right) \bigg) \bigg) \\ &\exp \bigg(-\log G \bigg(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 + i \right) \bigg) + \log G \bigg(1 + \frac{1}{4} \left(-1 + i \right) \bigg) \bigg) \pi^{-3/4} \end{split}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} (76 \pi) \pi^{-3/4} \left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} (-1+i)\right) \left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} (-1-i)\right) 0.494256987910000 \cos\left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8}\right) \right) \right) + 2 = 2 + \frac{37.5635310811600 \pi G\left(1+\frac{1}{4} (-1-i)\right) G\left(1+\frac{1}{4} (-1+i)\right) \cosh\left(\frac{1}{8} i \log(\pi^2)\right) \pi^{-3/4}}{4 G\left(\frac{1}{4} (-1-i)\right) G\left(\frac{1}{4} (-1+i)\right)}$$

$$\frac{1}{4}\left(76\,\pi\right)\pi^{-3/4}\left(\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\!\left(\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)0.494256987910000\cos\!\left(\frac{\log\!\left(\pi^2\right)}{8}\right)\right)\right) + 2 = \\ 2 + \frac{37.5635310811600\,\pi\,G\!\left(1+\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)G\!\left(1+\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\cosh\!\left(-\frac{1}{8}\,i\log\!\left(\pi^2\right)\right)\pi^{-3/4}}{4\,G\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)G\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)}$$

Integral representations:

$$\frac{1}{4} (76\pi) \pi^{-3/4} \left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} (-1+i)\right) \left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} (-1-i)\right) 0.494256987910000 \cos\left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8}\right) \right) \right) + 2 = 2 - \frac{37.5635310811600 \pi^{9/4} \mathcal{A}^2}{\oint_L e^t t^{1/4+i/4} dt \oint_L e^t t^{1/4-i/4} dt} \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8}} \sin(t) dt$$

$$\frac{1}{4} (76 \pi) \pi^{-3/4} \left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} (-1+i)\right) \left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} (-1-i)\right) 0.494256987910000 \cos\left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8}\right) \right) \right) + 2 = \frac{\pi^{9/4} \mathcal{A}^2 \left(37.563531081160 - 4.6954413851450 \log(\pi^2) \int_0^1 \sin\left(\frac{1}{8} t \log(\pi^2)\right) dt \right)}{\oint_L e^t t^{1/4+i/4} dt \oint_L e^t t^{1/4-i/4} dt}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} (76 \pi) \pi^{-3/4} \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1+i) \right) \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1-i) \right) 0.494256987910000 \cos \left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8} \right) \right) + 2 = 2 + \frac{18.7817655405800 \pi^{5/4} \mathcal{A} \sqrt{\pi}}{\oint_{L} e^{t} t^{1/4+i/4} dt \oint_{L} e^{t} t^{1/4-i/4} dt} \int_{-\mathcal{A} \infty + \gamma}^{\mathcal{A} \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{s - \log^{2}(\pi^{2})/(256s)}}{\sqrt{s}} ds \text{ for } \gamma > 0$$

Multiple-argument formulas:

$$\begin{split} &\frac{1}{4} \left(76 \pi\right) \pi^{-3/4} \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 + i \right) \right) \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 - i \right) \right) 0.494256987910000 \cos \left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8} \right) \right) \right) + 2 = \\ &2.000000000000000 + \\ &\frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi^2}} \sqrt[4]{\pi} \left(-1.66008922204999 + 3.32017844409999 \cos^2 \left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{16} \right) \right) \\ &\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{8} \left(-1 - i \right) \right) \Gamma \left(\frac{3}{8} - \frac{i}{8} \right) \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{8} \left(-1 + i \right) \right) \Gamma \left(\frac{3 + i}{8} \right) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} &\frac{1}{4}\left(76\,\pi\right)\pi^{-3/4}\left(\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\!\left(\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)0.494256987910000\cos\!\left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8}\right)\right)\right) + 2 = \\ &2.0000000000000000 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi^2}}\sqrt[4]{\pi}\,\,\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{8}\left(-1-i\right)\right)\!\Gamma\!\left(\frac{3}{8}-\frac{i}{8}\right)\!\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{8}\left(-1+i\right)\right) \\ &\Gamma\!\left(\frac{3+i}{8}\right)\!\left(1.66008922204999 - 3.32017844409999\sin^2\!\left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{16}\right)\right) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} &\frac{1}{4}\left(76\,\pi\right)\pi^{-3/4}\left(\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\!\left(\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)0.494256987910000\cos\!\left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8}\right)\right)\right) + 2 = \\ &2 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}^2}\left.6.64035688819997\sqrt[4]{\pi}\right. \\ &\left.\left(-0.750000000000000000\cos\left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{24}\right) + 1.000000000000000\cos^3\!\left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{24}\right)\right) \\ &\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{8}\left(-1-i\right)\right)\!\Gamma\!\left(\frac{3}{8}-\frac{i}{8}\right)\!\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{8}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\!\Gamma\!\left(\frac{3+i}{8}\right) \end{split}$$

76Pi*(((1/4*Pi^(-3/4) * gamma ((-1+i)/4) * gamma ((-1-i)/4) * 0.49425698791 * $\cos(1/8*\ln(\text{Pi}^2))))+18-2$

Input interpretation:

$$76 \pi \left(\frac{1}{4} \pi^{-3/4} \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1+i)\right) \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1-i)\right) \times 0.49425698791 \cos \left(\frac{1}{8} \log (\pi^2)\right)\right) + 18 - 2 \pi^{-3/4} \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1+i)\right) \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1-i)\right) \times 0.49425698791 \cos \left(\frac{1}{8} \log (\pi^2)\right) + 18 - 2 \pi^{-3/4} \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1+i)\right) \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1-i)\right) \times 0.49425698791 \cos \left(\frac{1}{8} \log (\pi^2)\right) + 18 - 2 \pi^{-3/4} \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1+i)\right) \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1-i)\right) \times 0.49425698791 \cos \left(\frac{1}{8} \log (\pi^2)\right) + 18 - 2 \pi^{-3/4} \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1+i)\right) \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1-i)\right) \times 0.49425698791 \cos \left(\frac{1}{8} \log (\pi^2)\right) + 18 - 2 \pi^{-3/4} \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1+i)\right) \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1-i)\right) \times 0.49425698791 \cos \left(\frac{1}{8} \log (\pi^2)\right) + 18 - 2 \pi^{-3/4} \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1-i)\right) + 18 - 2 \pi^{-3/4} \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1-i)\right)$$

 $\Gamma(x)$ is the gamma function

log(x) is the natural logarithm

i is the imaginary unit

Result:

139.66102468...

139.66102468...

Alternative representations:

$$\begin{split} &\frac{1}{4} \left(76 \pi\right) \pi^{-3/4} \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 + i \right) \right) \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 - i \right) \right) 0.494256987910000 \cos \left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8} \right) \right) \right) + 18 - 2 = \\ &16 + \frac{1}{4} \times 37.5635310811600 \pi \cosh \left(\frac{1}{8} i \log(\pi^2) \right) \\ &\exp \left(-\log G \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 - i \right) \right) + \log G \left(1 + \frac{1}{4} \left(-1 - i \right) \right) \right) \\ &\exp \left(-\log G \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 + i \right) \right) + \log G \left(1 + \frac{1}{4} \left(-1 + i \right) \right) \right) \pi^{-3/4} \end{split}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} (76 \pi) \pi^{-3/4} \left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} (-1+i)\right) \left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} (-1-i)\right) 0.494256987910000 \cos\left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8}\right) \right) \right) + 18 - 2 = \frac{37.5635310811600 \pi G\left(1+\frac{1}{4} (-1-i)\right) G\left(1+\frac{1}{4} (-1+i)\right) \cosh\left(\frac{1}{8} i \log(\pi^2)\right) \pi^{-3/4}}{4 G\left(\frac{1}{4} (-1-i)\right) G\left(\frac{1}{4} (-1+i)\right)}$$

$$\frac{1}{4}\left(76\,\pi\right)\pi^{-3/4}\left(\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\!\left(\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)0.494256987910000\cos\!\left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8}\right)\right)\right) + 18 - 2 = \\ 16 + \frac{37.5635310811600\,\pi\,G\!\left(1+\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)G\!\left(1+\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\cosh\!\left(-\frac{1}{8}\,i\log(\pi^2)\right)\pi^{-3/4}}{4\,G\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)G\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)}$$

Integral representations:

$$\begin{split} &\frac{1}{4}\left(76\,\pi\right)\pi^{-3/4}\left(\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\!\left(\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)0.494256987910000\cos\!\left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8}\right)\right)\right) + 18-2 = \\ &16-\frac{37.5635310811600\,\pi^{9/4}\,\mathcal{A}^2}{\oint_L^e^t\,t^{1/4+i/4}\,dt\oint_L^e^t\,t^{1/4-i/4}\,dt}\int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8}}\sin(t)\,dt \\ &\frac{1}{4}\left(76\,\pi\right)\pi^{-3/4}\left(\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\!\left(\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)0.494256987910000\cos\!\left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8}\right)\right)\right) + 18-2 = \\ &\frac{\pi^{9/4}\,\mathcal{A}^2\left(37.563531081160-4.6954413851450\log(\pi^2)\int_0^1\sin\left(\frac{1}{8}\,t\log(\pi^2)\right)d\,t\right)}{\oint_L^e^t\,t^{1/4+i/4}\,dt\oint_L^e^t\,t^{1/4-i/4}\,dt} \end{split}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} (76 \pi) \pi^{-3/4} \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1+i) \right) \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1-i) \right) 0.494256987910000 \cos \left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8} \right) \right) \right) + 18 - 2 = 16 + \frac{18.7817655405800 \pi^{5/4} \mathcal{A} \sqrt{\pi}}{\oint_L e^t t^{1/4+i/4} dt \oint_L e^t t^{1/4-i/4} dt} \int_{-\mathcal{A} \infty + \gamma}^{\mathcal{A} \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{s - \log^2(\pi^2)/(256s)}}{\sqrt{s}} ds \text{ for } \gamma > 0$$

Multiple-argument formulas:

$$\frac{1}{4} (76\pi) \pi^{-3/4} \left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} (-1+i)\right) \left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} (-1-i)\right) 0.494256987910000 \cos\left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8}\right) \right) \right) + 18 - 2 = 16.00000000000000 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi^2}} \sqrt[4]{\pi} \left(-1.66008922204999 + 3.32017844409999 \cos^2\left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{16}\right) \right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{8} (-1-i)\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{8} - \frac{i}{8}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{8} (-1+i)\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{3+i}{8}\right)$$

$$\begin{split} &\frac{1}{4}\left(76\,\pi\right)\pi^{-3/4}\left(\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\!\left(\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)0.494256987910000\cos\!\left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8}\right)\right)\right) + 18 - 2 = \\ &16.0000000000000 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi^2}}\sqrt[4]{\pi}\,\,\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{8}\left(-1-i\right)\right)\Gamma\!\left(\frac{3}{8}-\frac{i}{8}\right)\!\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{8}\left(-1+i\right)\right) \\ &\Gamma\!\left(\frac{3+i}{8}\right)\!\left(1.66008922204999 - 3.32017844409999\sin^2\!\left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{16}\right)\right) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} &\frac{1}{4}\left(76\,\pi\right)\pi^{-3/4}\left(\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\!\left(\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)0.494256987910000\cos\!\left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8}\right)\right)\right) + 18 - 2 = \\ &16 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi^{\,2}}}\left.6.64035688819997\sqrt[4]{\pi}\right. \\ &\left.\left(-0.750000000000000000\cos\!\left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{24}\right) + 1.000000000000000\cos^3\!\left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{24}\right)\right) \\ &\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{8}\left(-1-i\right)\right)\!\Gamma\!\left(\frac{3}{8}-\frac{i}{8}\right)\!\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{8}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\!\Gamma\!\left(\frac{3+i}{8}\right) \end{split}$$

27*1/2(((76Pi*(((1/4*Pi^(-3/4) * gamma ((-1+i)/4) * gamma ((-1-i)/4) * 0.49425698791 * cos(1/8*ln(Pi^2)))))+5-1/golden ratio)))+1/2

Input interpretation:

$$27 \times \frac{1}{2} \left(76 \pi \left(\frac{1}{4} \pi^{-3/4} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} (-1+i)\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} (-1-i)\right) \times 0.49425698791 \cos\left(\frac{1}{8} \log(\pi^2)\right)\right) + 5 - \frac{1}{\phi}\right) + \frac{1}{2}$$

 $\Gamma(x)$ is the gamma function

log(x) is the natural logarithm

i is the imaginary unit

ø is the golden ratio

Result:

1729.0803743...

1729.0803743...

Alternative representations:

$$\begin{split} \frac{27}{2} \left(\frac{76}{4} \pi \left(\pi^{-3/4} \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1+i) \right) \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1-i) \right) 0.494256987910000 \cos \left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8} \right) \right) \right) + \\ 5 - \frac{1}{\phi} \right) + \frac{1}{2} &= \frac{1}{2} + \frac{27}{2} \left(5 - \frac{1}{\phi} + \frac{1}{4} \times 37.5635310811600 \pi \right. \\ &\qquad \qquad \left. \cosh \left(\frac{1}{8} i \log(\pi^2) \right) \exp \left(-\log G \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1-i) \right) + \log G \left(1 + \frac{1}{4} (-1-i) \right) \right) \\ &\qquad \qquad \left. \exp \left(-\log G \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1+i) \right) + \log G \left(1 + \frac{1}{4} (-1+i) \right) \right) \pi^{-3/4} \right) \end{split}$$

$$\frac{27}{2} \left(\frac{76}{4} \pi \left(\pi^{-3/4} \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1+i) \right) \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1-i) \right) 0.494256987910000 \cos \left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8} \right) \right) \right) + \\ 5 - \frac{1}{\phi} \right) + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{27}{2} \left(5 - \frac{1}{\phi} + \frac{37.5635310811600 \pi G \left(1 + \frac{1}{4} (-1-i) \right) G \left(1 + \frac{1}{4} (-1+i) \right) \cosh \left(\frac{1}{8} i \log(\pi^2) \right) \pi^{-3/4}}{4 G \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1-i) \right) G \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1+i) \right)} \right)$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{27}{2} \left(\frac{76}{4} \pi \left(\pi^{-3/4} \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1+i) \right) \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1-i) \right) 0.494256987910000 \cos \left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8} \right) \right) \right) + \\ 5 - \frac{1}{\phi} \right) + \frac{1}{2} &= \\ \frac{1}{2} + \frac{27}{2} \left(5 - \frac{1}{\phi} + \left(37.5635310811600 \pi G \left(1 + \frac{1}{4} (-1-i) \right) G \left(1 + \frac{1}{4} (-1+i) \right) \right) \\ & \qquad \qquad \qquad \\ \cosh \left(-\frac{1}{8} i \log(\pi^2) \right) \pi^{-3/4} \right) / \left(4 G \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1-i) \right) G \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1+i) \right) \right) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{27}{2} \left(\frac{76}{4} \pi \left(\pi^{-3/4} \ \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} \ (-1+i) \right) \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} \ (-1-i) \right) 0.494256987910000 \cos \left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8} \right) \right) \right) + \\ 5 - \frac{1}{\phi} \right) + \frac{1}{2} &= \\ \left(68.000000000000000 \left(0.198529411764706 - 1.000000000000000 \phi - 0.198529411764706 i^2 + 1.000000000000000 \phi i^2 - 29.829862917392 \phi \sqrt[4]{\pi} \sum_{k_1 = 0}^{\infty} \sum_{k_2 = 0}^{\infty} \sum_{k_3 = 0}^{\infty} \left(-1)^{k_1} \frac{4^{-3}k_1 - k_2 - k_3}{(-1-i)^k} \frac{(-1-i)^k 2 \ (-1+i)^{k_3} \log^2 k_1 \left(\pi^2 \right) \Gamma^{(k_2)}(1) \Gamma^{(k_3)}(1)}{(2 \ k_1)! \ k_2! \ k_3!} \right) \right) / \left(\phi \left(-1.0000000000000000 + 1.000000000000000 i \right) \\ \left(1.000000000000000 + 1.000000000000000 i \right) \right) \\ \frac{27}{2} \left(\frac{76}{4} \pi \left(\pi^{-3/4} \ \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} \ (-1+i) \right) \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} \ (-1-i) \right) 0.494256987910000 \cos \left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8} \right) \right) \right) + \\ 5 - \frac{1}{\phi} \right) + \frac{1}{2} &= \frac{1}{\phi} 126.77691739892 \\ \left(-0.106486261671129 + 0.53637524397310 \ \phi + 1.00000000000000000 \phi \right) \\ \sqrt[4]{\pi} \sum_{k_1 = 0}^{\infty} \sum_{k_2 = 0}^{\infty} \sum_{k_3 = 0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2 \ k_1)! \ k_2! \ k_3!} \left(-\frac{1}{64} \right)^{k_1} \log^2 k_1 \left(\pi^2 \right) \left(\frac{1}{4} \ (-1+i) - z_0 \right)^{k_2} \\ \left(-\frac{1}{4} - \frac{i}{4} - z_0 \right)^{k_3} \Gamma^{(k_2)}(z_0) \Gamma^{(k_3)}(z_0) \right) \text{ for } (z_0 \notin \mathbb{Z} \text{ or } z_0 > 0) \end{split}$$

Integral representations:

 $5 - \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2} =$

$$\begin{split} \frac{27}{2} \left(\frac{76}{4} \pi \left(\pi^{-3/4} \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 + i \right) \right) \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 - i \right) \right) 0.494256987910000 \cos \left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8} \right) \right) \right) + 5 - \frac{1}{\phi} \right) + \frac{1}{2} &= 68 - \frac{27}{2 \phi} - \frac{507.107669595660 \pi^{9/4} \mathcal{A}^2}{\oint_L e^t t^{1/4 + i/4} dt \oint_L e^t t^{1/4 - i/4} dt} \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8}} \sin(t) dt \\ \frac{27}{2} \left(\frac{76}{4} \pi \left(\pi^{-3/4} \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 + i \right) \right) \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 - i \right) \right) 0.494256987910000 \cos \left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8} \right) \right) \right) + \\ 5 - \frac{1}{\phi} \right) + \frac{1}{2} &= 68 - \frac{27}{2 \phi} + \\ \frac{\pi^{9/4} \mathcal{A}^2 \left(507.10766959566 - 63.388458699458 \log(\pi^2) \int_0^1 \sin \left(\frac{1}{8} t \log(\pi^2) \right) dt \right)}{\oint_L e^t t^{1/4 + i/4} dt \oint_L e^t t^{1/4 - i/4} dt} \\ \frac{27}{2} \left(\frac{76}{4} \pi \left(\pi^{-3/4} \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 + i \right) \right) \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 - i \right) \right) 0.494256987910000 \cos \left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8} \right) \right) \right) + \\ \frac{27}{2} \left(\frac{76}{4} \pi \left(\pi^{-3/4} \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 + i \right) \right) \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 - i \right) \right) 0.494256987910000 \cos \left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8} \right) \right) \right) + \\ \frac{27}{2} \left(\frac{76}{4} \pi \left(\pi^{-3/4} \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 + i \right) \right) \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 - i \right) \right) 0.494256987910000 \cos \left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8} \right) \right) \right) + \\ \frac{27}{2} \left(\frac{76}{4} \pi \left(\pi^{-3/4} \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 + i \right) \right) \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 - i \right) \right) 0.494256987910000 \cos \left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8} \right) \right) \right) \right) + \\ \frac{27}{2} \left(\frac{76}{4} \pi \left(\pi^{-3/4} \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 + i \right) \right) \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 - i \right) \right) 0.494256987910000 \cos \left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8} \right) \right) \right) + \\ \frac{27}{2} \left(\frac{76}{4} \pi \left(\pi^{-3/4} \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 + i \right) \right) \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 - i \right) \right) 0.494256987910000 \cos \left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) + \\ \frac{27}{2} \left(\frac{76}{4} \pi \left(\pi^{-3/4} \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 + i \right) \right) \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 - i \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 + i \right) \right) \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 - i \right) \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 + i \right) \right) \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 - i \right) \right) \right) \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 - i \right) \right) \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 - i \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 - i \right) \right) \right) \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 - i \right) \right) \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 - i \right) \right) \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 - i \right) \right) \right) \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 - i \right) \right) \right) \right) \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 - i \right) \right) \right) \left(\frac{1}{4}$$

 $68 - \frac{27}{2\phi} + \frac{253.553834797830 \,\pi^{5/4} \,\mathcal{A} \,\sqrt{\pi}}{\oint e^t \, t^{1/4 + i/4} \, dt \, \oint e^t \, t^{1/4 - i/4} \, dt} \, \int_{-\mathcal{A} \, \infty + \gamma}^{\mathcal{A} \, \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{s - \log^2(\pi^2)/(256s)}}{\sqrt{s}} \, ds \, \text{ for } \gamma > 0$

Multiple-argument formulas:

$$\begin{split} \frac{27}{2} \left(\frac{76}{4} \pi \left(\pi^{-3/4} \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1+i) \right) \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1-i) \right) 0.494256987910000 \cos \left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8} \right) \right) \right) + \\ 5 - \frac{1}{\phi} \right) + \frac{1}{2} &= 68.0000000000000 - \frac{13.50000000000000}{\phi} + \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}^2} \sqrt[4]{\pi} \left(-22.4112044976749 + 44.8224089953498 \cos^2 \left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{16} \right) \right) \\ \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{8} (-1-i) \right) \Gamma \left(\frac{3}{8} - \frac{i}{8} \right) \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{8} (-1+i) \right) \Gamma \left(\frac{3+i}{8} \right) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{27}{2} \left(\frac{76}{4} \pi \left(\pi^{-3/4} \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1+i) \right) \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1-i) \right) 0.494256987910000 \cos \left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8} \right) \right) \right) + \\ 5 - \frac{1}{\phi} \right) + \frac{1}{2} &= 68.00000000000000 - \frac{13.50000000000000}{\phi} + \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}^2} \sqrt[4]{\pi} \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{8} (-1-i) \right) \Gamma \left(\frac{3}{8} - \frac{i}{8} \right) \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{8} (-1+i) \right) \Gamma \left(\frac{3+i}{8} \right) \\ \left(22.4112044976749 - 44.8224089953498 \sin^2 \left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{16} \right) \right) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{27}{2} \left(\frac{76}{4} \pi \left(\pi^{-3/4} \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1+i) \right) \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} (-1-i) \right) 0.494256987910000 \cos \left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{8} \right) \right) \right) + \\ 5 - \frac{1}{\phi} \right) + \frac{1}{2} &= \\ \frac{1}{2} + \frac{27}{2} \left(5 - \frac{1}{\phi} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi^2}} 9.39088277029000 \times 2^{-2+1/4} (-1-i) + 1/4 (-1+i) \right) \\ \sqrt[4]{\pi} \left(-1 + 2 \cos^2 \left(\frac{\log(\pi^2)}{16} \right) \right) \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{8} (-1-i) \right) \\ \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{8} (-1+i) \right) \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{8} (-1-i) \right) \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{8} (-1+i) \right) \end{split}$$

Now, we have that:

$$\alpha^{-\frac{1}{4}} \left\{ \frac{1}{1-s} - 4\alpha \int_{0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{1+s} - \frac{\alpha}{1!} \frac{x^{2}}{3+s} + \frac{\alpha^{2}}{2!} \frac{x^{4}}{5+s} - \cdots \right) \frac{x \, dx}{e^{2\pi x} - 1} \right\}$$

$$+ \beta^{-\frac{1}{4}} \left\{ \frac{1}{s} - 4\beta \int_{0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2-s} - \frac{\beta}{1!} \frac{x^{2}}{4-s} + \frac{\beta^{2}}{2!} \frac{x^{4}}{6-s} - \cdots \right) \frac{x \, dx}{e^{2\pi x} - 1} \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \pi^{-\frac{3}{4}} \left(\frac{\alpha}{\beta} \right)^{\frac{1}{8} - \frac{1}{4}s} \Gamma\left(-\frac{s}{2} \right) \Gamma\left(\frac{s-1}{2} \right) \xi(s). \tag{8}$$

For t=1, $\alpha=2$, $\beta=\pi^2/2$, and $\Xi(1/2\ t)=\xi(s)=0.49425698791$, s=(1/2+1/2i), we obtain:

1/2*Pi^(-3/4) * ((2/(Pi^2)/2))^(1/8-1/4*(1/2+1/2i)) * ((gamma (-(1/2+1/2i)*1/2))) * ((gamma (((1/2+1/2i)-1)*1/2))) * (((0.49425698791)))

Input interpretation:

$$\frac{1}{2} \pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{\frac{2}{\pi^2}}{2} \right)^{1/8 - 1/4} \frac{(1/2 + 1/2 i)}{\Gamma\left(-\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} i\right) \times \frac{1}{2}\right) \Gamma\left(\left(\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} i\right) - 1\right) \times \frac{1}{2}\right) \times 0.49425698791}$$

 $\Gamma(x)$ is the gamma function

i is the imaginary unit

Result:

1.0358559655... + 0.30481099408... i

(using the principal branch of the logarithm for complex exponentiation)

Polar coordinates:

r = 1.0797718849 (radius), $\theta = 16.397047785^{\circ}$ (angle)

1.0797718849

Alternative representations:

$$\begin{split} &\frac{1}{2} \left(\pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{2}{\pi^2 \, 2} \right)^{1/8 - 1/4 \, (1/2 + i/2)} \right) \\ &\quad \Gamma \Big(-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} \right) \Big) \Big(\Gamma \Big(\frac{1}{2} \left(\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} \right) - 1 \right) \Big) \, 0.494256987910000 \Big) = \\ &\quad 0.247128493955000 \left(-1 + \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2} \right) \right) ! \left(-1 + \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} \right) \right) ! \, \pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{1}{\pi^2} \right)^{-1/4 \, (1/2 + i/2) + 1/8} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} &\frac{1}{2} \left(\pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{2}{\pi^2 \ 2} \right)^{1/8 - 1/4 \ (1/2 + i/2)} \right) \\ &\quad \Gamma \bigg(-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} \right) \bigg) \left(\Gamma \bigg(\frac{1}{2} \left(\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} \right) - 1 \right) \right) 0.494256987910000 \bigg) = \\ &\quad 0.247128493955000 \ (1)_{-1 + \frac{1}{2}} \left(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2} \right) \ (1)_{-1 + \frac{1}{2}} \left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} \right)^{\pi^{-3/4}} \left(\frac{1}{\pi^2} \right)^{-1/4 \ (1/2 + i/2) + 1/8} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} &\frac{1}{2} \left(\pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{2}{\pi^2 \, 2} \right)^{1/8 - 1/4 \, (1/2 + i/2)} \right) \\ &\quad \Gamma \bigg(-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} \right) \bigg) \bigg(\Gamma \bigg(\frac{1}{2} \left(\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} \right) - 1 \right) \bigg) \, 0.494256987910000 \bigg) = \\ &\quad 0.247128493955000 \, e^{\log \Gamma (1/2 \, (-1/2 - i/2))} \, e^{\log \Gamma (1/2 \, (-1/2 + i/2))} \, \pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{1}{\pi^2} \right)^{-1/4 \, (1/2 + i/2) + 1/8} \end{split}$$

From which, we obtain:

Input interpretation:
$$\left(\frac{1}{2} \pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{\frac{2}{\pi^2}}{2}\right)^{1/8 - 1/4} \frac{(1/2 + 1/2)i}{2} \right)$$

$$\Gamma\left(-\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}i\right) \times \frac{1}{2}\right) \Gamma\left(\left(\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}i\right) - 1\right) \times \frac{1}{2}\right) \times 0.49425698791\right)^{2\pi}$$

 $\Gamma(x)$ is the gamma function

i is the imaginary unit

Result:

- 0.3650579786... + 1.578011482... i

(using the principal branch of the logarithm for complex exponentiation)

Polar coordinates:

 $r = 1.619687490 \text{ (radius)}, \quad \theta = 103.0256897^{\circ} \text{ (angle)}$

1.619687490

Alternative representations:

$$\begin{split} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{2}{\pi^2 \ 2}\right)^{1/8-1/4 \ (1/2+i/2)}\right) \Gamma \left(-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)\right) \\ \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right) - 1\right)\right) 0.494256987910000\right)\right)^{2\pi} &= \\ \left(0.247128493955000 \left(-1 + \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2}\right)\right)! \left(-1 + \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)\right)! \\ \pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{1}{\pi^2}\right)^{-1/4 \ (1/2+i/2)+1/8}\right)^{2\pi} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{2}{\pi^2 \ 2}\right)^{1/8 - 1/4 \ (1/2 + i/2)}\right) \Gamma \left(-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)\right) \\ \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right) - 1\right)\right) 0.494256987910000\right)\right)^{2 \pi} &= \\ \left(0.247128493955000 \ (1)_{-1 + \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2}\right)} \ (1)_{-1 + \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)} \pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{1}{\pi^2}\right)^{-1/4 \ (1/2 + i/2) + 1/8}\right)^{2 \pi} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{2}{\pi^2 \ 2}\right)^{1/8-1/4 \ (1/2+i/2)}\right) \Gamma \left(-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)\right) \\ \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right) - 1\right)\right) 0.494256987910000\right)\right)^{2\pi} &= \\ \left(0.247128493955000 \ e^{\log \Gamma (1/2 \ (-1/2-i/2))} \ e^{\log \Gamma (1/2 \ (-1/2+i/2))} \ \pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{1}{\pi^2}\right)^{-1/4 \ (1/2+i/2)+1/8}\right)^{2\pi} \end{split}$$

And again:

Input interpretation:
$$10^{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{\frac{2}{\pi^{2}}}{2}\right)^{1/8-1/4} \frac{(1/2+1/2 i)}{\Gamma\left(-\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} i\right) \times \frac{1}{2}\right)} \Gamma\left(\left(\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} i\right) - 1\right) \times \frac{1}{2}\right) \times 0.49425698791\right)^{2\pi} + (123 - 11) i$$

 $\Gamma(x)$ is the gamma function

i is the imaginary unit

Result:

- 365.0579786... + 1690.011482... i

(using the principal branch of the logarithm for complex exponentiation)

Polar coordinates:

r = 1728.989918 (radius), $\theta = 102.1891352^{\circ}$ (angle)

 $1728.989918 \approx 1729$

Alternative representations:

$$\begin{split} 10^3 \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{2}{\pi^2 \, 2}\right)^{1/8-1/4 \, (1/2+i/2)}\right) \Gamma \left(-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)\right) \\ \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right) - 1\right)\right) 0.494256987910000\right)\right)^{2\pi} + (123 - 11) \, i = \\ 112 \, i + 10^3 \left(0.247128493955000 \left(-1 + \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2}\right)\right)! \left(-1 + \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)\right)! \\ \pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{1}{\pi^2}\right)^{-1/4 \, (1/2+i/2)+1/8}\right)^{2\pi} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} 10^3 \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{2}{\pi^2 \ 2}\right)^{1/8-1/4 \ (1/2+i/2)}\right) \Gamma \left(-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)\right) \\ \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right) - 1\right)\right) 0.494256987910000\right)^{2 \ \pi} + (123 - 11) \ i = 112 \ i + \\ 10^3 \left(0.247128493955000 \ (1)_{-1+\frac{1}{2}} \left(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2}\right) \ ^{(1)}_{-1+\frac{1}{2}} \left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right) \ ^{\pi^{-3/4}} \left(\frac{1}{\pi^2}\right)^{-1/4 \ (1/2+i/2)+1/8}\right)^{2 \ \pi} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} 10^3 \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{2}{\pi^2 \, 2}\right)^{1/8-1/4 \, (1/2+i/2)}\right) \Gamma \left(-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)\right) \\ \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right) - 1\right)\right) 0.494256987910000\right)\right)^{2\pi} + (123 - 11) \, i = \\ 112 \, i + 10^3 \left(0.247128493955000 \, e^{\log \Gamma (1/2 \, (-1/2-i/2))} \, e^{\log \Gamma (1/2 \, (-1/2+i/2))} \\ \pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{1}{\pi^2}\right)^{-1/4 \, (1/2+i/2)+1/8}\right)^{2\pi} \end{split}$$

$$21*2((((1/2*Pi^{-3/4})*((2/(Pi^{-2})/2))^{-1/4*(1/2+1/2i))}*((gamma (-(1/2+1/2i)*1/2)))*((gamma (((1/2+1/2i)-1)*1/2)))*(((0.49425698791)))))))^{-1}6+4i)$$

Input interpretation:

$$21 \times 2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{\frac{2}{\pi^2}}{2}\right)^{1/8 - 1/4} \frac{(1/2 + 1/2 i)}{\Gamma\left(-\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} i\right) \times \frac{1}{2}\right)} \Gamma\left(\left(\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} i\right) - 1\right) \times \frac{1}{2}\right) \times 0.49425698791\right)^{16} + 4 i$$

 $\Gamma(x)$ is the gamma function

i is the imaginary unit

Result:

- 19.0832864... -138.128677... i

(using the principal branch of the logarithm for complex exponentiation)

Polar coordinates:

r = 139.440679 (radius), $\theta = -97.8659541^{\circ}$ (angle)

139.440679

Alternative representations:

$$\begin{split} 21 \times 2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{2}{\pi^2 \ 2} \right)^{1/8 - 1/4 \ (1/2 + i/2)} \right) \Gamma \left(-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} \right) \right) \\ \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} \right) - 1 \right) \right) 0.494256987910000 \right) \right)^{16} + 4 \ i = \\ 4 \ i + 42 \left(0.247128493955000 \left(-1 + \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2} \right) \right) ! \left(-1 + \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} \right) \right) ! \\ \pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{1}{\pi^2} \right)^{-1/4 \ (1/2 + i/2) + 1/8} \right)^{16} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} 21 \times 2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{2}{\pi^2 2} \right)^{1/8 - 1/4 \cdot (1/2 + i/2)} \right) \Gamma \left(-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} \right) \right) \\ \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} \right) - 1 \right) \right) 0.494256987910000 \right)^{16} + 4 \, i = \\ 4 \, i + 42 \left(0.247128493955000 \, (1)_{-1 + \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2} \right)} \, (1)_{-1 + \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} \right)} \, \pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{1}{\pi^2} \right)^{-1/4 \cdot (1/2 + i/2) + 1/8} \right)^{16} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} 21 \times 2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{2}{\pi^2 \ 2} \right)^{1/8 - 1/4 \ (1/2 + i/2)} \right) \Gamma \left(-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} \right) \right) \\ \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} \right) - 1 \right) \right) 0.494256987910000 \right) \right)^{16} + 4 \ i = \\ 4 \ i + 42 \left(0.247128493955000 \ e^{\log \Gamma (1/2 \ (-1/2 - i/2))} \ e^{\log \Gamma (1/2 \ (-1/2 + i/2))} \\ \pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{1}{\pi^2} \right)^{-1/4 \ (1/2 + i/2) + 1/8} \right)^{16} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} 21 \times 2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{2}{\pi^2} 2\right)^{1/8 - 1/4 (1/2 + i/2)}\right) \Gamma \left(-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)\right) \\ & \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right) - 1\right)\right) 0.494256987910000\right)\right)^{16} + 4 \, i = \\ 4 \, i + \left(34.911966473250 \left(\frac{1}{\pi^2}\right)^{2 + 4 \left(-1/2 - i/2\right)} \left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{2^{-k} \left(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2}\right)^k \Gamma^{(k)}(1)}{k!}\right)^{16} \right) \\ & \left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{2^{-k} \left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)^k \Gamma^{(k)}(1)}{k!}\right)^{16} \right) / \left(\left(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2}\right)^{16} \left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)^{16} \pi^{12}\right) \\ 21 \times 2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{2}{\pi^2} 2\right)^{1/8 - 1/4 (1/2 + i/2)}\right) \Gamma \left(-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)\right) \\ & \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right) - 1\right)\right) 0.494256987910000\right)\right)^{16} + 4 \, i = \\ \frac{1}{\pi^{12}} 4.0000000000000 \left(\frac{1}{\pi^2}\right)^{-2 \, i} \left(1.00000000000000 \, i \left(\frac{1}{\pi^2}\right)^{2 \, i} \pi^{12} + \right. \\ & 2.032143906297 \times 10^{-9} \left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{4^{-k} \left(-1 + i - 4 \, z_0\right)^k \Gamma^{(k)}(z_0)}{k!}\right)^{16} \\ & \left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(-\frac{1}{4} - \frac{i}{4} - z_0\right)^k \Gamma^{(k)}(z_0)}{k!}\right)^{16} \right) \text{ for } (z_0 \notin \mathbb{Z} \text{ or } z_0 > 0) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} 21 \times 2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{2}{\pi^2 \ 2} \right)^{1/8 - 1/4 \ (1/2 + i/2)} \right) \Gamma \left(-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} \right) \right) \\ & \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} \right) - 1 \right) \right) 0.494256987910000 \right) \right)^{16} + 4 \ i \ \propto \\ 4 \ i + \left(8.128575625189 \times 10^{-9} \times 2^{16 + 8 \ (1/2 - i/2) + 8 \ (1/2 + i/2)} \ e^{8 \ (1/2 - i/2) + 8 \ (1/2 + i/2)} \right) \\ & \left(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2} \right)^{-8 + 8 \ (-1/2 - i/2)} \left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} \right)^{-8 + 8 \ (-1/2 + i/2)} \left(\frac{1}{\pi^2} \right)^{2 + 4 \ (-1/2 - i/2)} \sqrt{2 \ \pi^{32}} \right) / \\ & \left(\pi^{12} \exp^{16} \left(-\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{2^{2k} \left(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2} \right)^{-1 - 2k} B_{2 + 2k}}{(1 + k) \ (1 + 2 \ k)} \right) \\ & \exp^{16} \left(-\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{2^{2k} \left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} \right)^{-1 - 2k} B_{2 + 2k}}{(1 + k) \ (1 + 2 \ k)} \right) \right) \text{ for } \infty \rightarrow \frac{1}{2 \ \sqrt{2}} \end{split}$$

ℤ is the set of integers

 B_n is the n^{th} Bernoulli number

Input interpretation:

$$21 \times 2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{\frac{2}{\pi^2}}{2}\right)^{1/8 - 1/4} \frac{(1/2 + 1/2 i)}{\Gamma\left(-\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} i\right) \times \frac{1}{2}\right)} \Gamma\left(\left(\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} i\right) - 1\right) \times \frac{1}{2}\right) \times 0.49425698791\right)^{16} + 18 i$$

 $\Gamma(x)$ is the gamma function

i is the imaginary unit

Result:

- 19.0832864... -124.128677... i

(using the principal branch of the logarithm for complex exponentiation)

Polar coordinates:

 $r = 125.587022 \text{ (radius)}, \quad \theta = -98.7401050^{\circ} \text{ (angle)}$

125.587022

Alternative representations:

$$\begin{split} 21 \times 2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{2}{\pi^2 2}\right)^{1/8 - 1/4 \left(1/2 + i/2\right)}\right) \Gamma \left(-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)\right) \\ & \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right) - 1\right)\right) 0.494256987910000\right)\right)^{16} + 18 \ i = \\ 18 \ i + 42 \left(0.247128493955000 \left(-1 + \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2}\right)\right)! \left(-1 + \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)\right)! \\ & \pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{1}{\pi^2}\right)^{-1/4 \left(1/2 + i/2\right) + 1/8}\right)^{16} \end{split}$$

$$21 \times 2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{2}{\pi^2 2}\right)^{1/8 - 1/4 \left(1/2 + i/2\right)}\right) \Gamma \left(-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)\right) \\ & \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right) - 1\right)\right) 0.494256987910000\right)\right)^{16} + 18 \ i = 18 \ i + \\ 42 \left(0.247128493955000 \ (1)_{-1 + \frac{1}{2}} \left(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2}\right)^{(1)}_{-1 + \frac{1}{2}} \left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right) \\ 21 \times 2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{2}{\pi^2 2}\right)^{1/8 - 1/4 \left(1/2 + i/2\right)}\right) \Gamma \left(-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)\right) \\ & 16 \end{array}$$

$$21 \times 2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{2}{\pi^2 2}\right)\right)\right) \Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)\right) \left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right) - 1\right)\right) 0.494256987910000\right)\right)^{16} + 18 i = 18 i + 42 \left(0.247128493955000 e^{\log\Gamma(1/2 (-1/2 - i/2))} e^{\log\Gamma(1/2 (-1/2 + i/2))} \right)^{16} \pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{1}{\pi^2}\right)^{-1/4 (1/2 + i/2) + 1/8} 16$$

$$\begin{split} 21 \times 2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{2}{\pi^2 \ 2}\right)^{1/8 - 1/4 \ (1/2 + i/2)}\right) \Gamma \left(-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)\right) \\ \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right) - 1\right)\right) 0.494256987910000\right)\right)^{16} + 18 \ i = \\ 18 \ i + \left(34.911966473250 \left(\frac{1}{\pi^2}\right)^{2 + 4 \ (-1/2 - i/2)} \left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{2^{-k} \left(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2}\right)^k \Gamma^{(k)}(1)}{k!}\right)^{16} \right) \\ \left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{2^{-k} \left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)^k \Gamma^{(k)}(1)}{k!}\right)^{16} \right) / \left(\left(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2}\right)^{16} \left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)^{16} \pi^{12}\right) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} 21 \times 2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{2}{\pi^2 2} \right)^{1/8 - 1/4 \cdot (1/2 + i/2)} \right) \Gamma \left(-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} \right) \right) \\ & \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} \right) - 1 \right) \right) 0.494256987910000 \right) \right)^{16} + 18 \, i = \\ \frac{1}{\pi^{12}} 18.00000000000 \left(\frac{1}{\pi^2} \right)^{-2i} \left(1.00000000000000 \, i \left(\frac{1}{\pi^2} \right)^{2i} \, \pi^{12} + \right. \\ & \left. 4.515875347327 \times 10^{-10} \left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{4^{-k} \left(-1 + i - 4 \, z_0 \right)^k \, \Gamma^{(k)}(z_0)}{k!} \right)^{16} \right. \\ & \left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(-\frac{1}{4} - \frac{i}{4} - z_0 \right)^k \, \Gamma^{(k)}(z_0) \right)^{16} \right. \\ & \left. \left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{4} - z_0 \right)^k \, \Gamma^{(k)}(z_0) \right)^{16} \right. \right) \int_{\mathbb{R}^2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} \right) \right) \\ & \left. \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} \right) - 1 \right) \right) 0.494256987910000 \right)^{16} + 18 \, i \, \infty \right. \\ & 18 \, i + \left(8.128575625189 \times 10^{-9} \times 2^{16+8 \cdot (1/2 - i/2) + 8 \cdot (1/2 + i/2)} \, e^{8 \cdot (1/2 - i/2) + 8 \cdot (1/2 + i/2)} \right. \\ & \left. \left(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2} \right)^{-8 + 8 \cdot (-1/2 - i/2)} \left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} \right)^{-8 + 8 \cdot (-1/2 + i/2)} \left(\frac{1}{\pi^2} \right)^{2 + 4 \cdot (-1/2 - i/2)} \sqrt{2 \, \pi^{32}} \right) \right/ \\ & \left. \left(\pi^{12} \exp^{16} \left(-\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{2^{2k} \left(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2} \right)^{-1 - 2k} B_{2 + 2k}}{(1 + k) \cdot (1 + 2 \, k)} \right) \right. \right. \right) for \, \infty \rightarrow \frac{1}{2 \, \sqrt{2}} \end{aligned} \right)$$

ℤ is the set of integers

 \mathcal{B}_n is the $n^ ext{th}$ Bernoulli number

From the sum of the two results, we have:

$$1+1/(((((0.51792798277+(((1/2*Pi^(-3/4)*((2/(Pi^2)/2))^(1/8-1/4*(1/2+1/2i))*((gamma (-(1/2+1/2i)*1/2)))*((gamma (((1/2+1/2i)-1)*1/2)))*(((0.49425698791))))))))))$$

Input interpretation:

$$\begin{split} 1 + 1 \left/ \left(0.51792798277 + \frac{1}{2} \, \pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{\frac{2}{\pi^2}}{2} \right)^{1/8 - 1/4 \, (1/2 + 1/2 \, i)} \right. \\ \left. \Gamma \left(- \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \, i \right) \times \frac{1}{2} \right) \Gamma \left(\left(\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \, i \right) - 1 \right) \times \frac{1}{2} \right) \times 0.49425698791 \right) \end{split}$$

 $\Gamma(x)$ is the gamma function

i is the imaginary unit

Result:

1.6197400568... -0.12157647978... i

(using the principal branch of the logarithm for complex exponentiation)

Polar coordinates:

r = 1.6242963683 (radius), $\theta = -4.292529308^{\circ}$ (angle)

1.6242963683

$$\begin{split} 1 + 1 \left/ \left(0.517927982770000 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{2}{\pi^2 \, 2} \right)^{1/8 - 1/4 \, (1/2 + i/2)} \right) \right. \\ \left. \Gamma \left(-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} \right) \right) \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} \right) - 1 \right) \right) 0.494256987910000 \right) \right) = \\ 1 + 1 \left/ \left(0.517927982770000 + 0.247128493955000 \left(-1 + \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2} \right) \right) \right! \right. \\ \left. \left. \left(-1 + \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} \right) \right) \right! \, \pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{1}{\pi^2} \right)^{-1/4 \, (1/2 + i/2) + 1/8} \right) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} 1+1\left/\left(0.517927982770000 + \frac{1}{2}\left(\pi^{-3/4}\left(\frac{2}{\pi^2\,2}\right)^{1/8-1/4\,(1/2+i/2)}\right) \right. \\ \left. \Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)\right)\left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right) - 1\right)\right)0.494256987910000\right)\right) = \\ 1+1\left/\left(0.517927982770000 + 0.247128493955000\,(1)_{-1+\frac{1}{2}\left(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2}\right)}\right. \\ \left. (1)_{-1+\frac{1}{2}\left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)}\pi^{-3/4}\left(\frac{1}{\pi^2}\right)^{-1/4\,(1/2+i/2)+1/8}\right) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} 1 + 1 \left/ \left(0.517927982770000 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{2}{\pi^2 \, 2} \right)^{1/8 - 1/4 \, (1/2 + i/2)} \right) \right. \\ \left. \Gamma \left(-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} \right) \right) \left(\Gamma \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} \right) - 1 \right) \right) 0.494256987910000 \right) \right) = \\ 1 + 1 \left/ \left(0.517927982770000 + 0.247128493955000 \, e^{\log \Gamma (1/2 \, (-1/2 - i/2))} \right. \\ \left. e^{\log \Gamma (1/2 \, (-1/2 + i/2))} \, \pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{1}{\pi^2} \right)^{-1/4 \, (1/2 + i/2) + 1/8} \right) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} 1+1\left/\left(0.517927982770000+\frac{1}{2}\left(\pi^{-3/4}\left(\frac{2}{\pi^2}2\right)^{1/8-1/4\left(1/2+i/2\right)}\right)\right.\\ &\left.\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i}{2}\right)\right)\left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i}{2}\right)-1\right)\right)0.494256987910000\right)\right)=\\ \left(2.930770364350\left(1.0000000000000000\left(\frac{1}{\pi^2}\right)^{i/8}\pi^{3/4}+0.16280646826474\right)\right.\\ &\left.\sum_{k_1=0}^{\infty}\sum_{k_2=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2}\right)-z_0\right)^{k_1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i}{2}\right)-z_0\right)^{k_2}\Gamma^{(k_1)}(z_0)\Gamma^{(k_2)}(z_0)}{k_1!\,k_2!}\right)\right]\right/\\ &\left.\left(1.000000000000000\left(\frac{1}{\pi^2}\right)^{i/8}\pi^{3/4}+0.47714837231481\right)\right.\\ &\left.\sum_{k_1=0}^{\infty}\sum_{k_2=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2}\right)-z_0\right)^{k_1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i}{2}\right)-z_0\right)^{k_2}\Gamma^{(k_1)}(z_0)\Gamma^{(k_2)}(z_0)}{k_1!\,k_2!}\right)\\ &for\,(z_0\notin\mathbb{Z}\ or\ z_0>0) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} 1+1\left/\left(0.517927982770000+\frac{1}{2}\left(\pi^{-3/4}\left(\frac{2}{\pi^2}\right)^{1/8-1/4\left(1/2+i/2\right)}\right)\right.\\ &\left.\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i}{2}\right)\right)\left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i}{2}\right)-1\right)\right)0.494256987910000\right)\right)=\\ 1+1\left/\left(0.517927982770000+\frac{1}{\pi^{3/4}}0.247128493955000\left(\frac{1}{\pi^2}\right)^{-i/8}\right.\\ &\left.\left(\int_{1}^{\infty}e^{-t}t^{-5/4-i/4}dt+\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}-\frac{4\left(-1\right)^{k}}{\left(1+i-4k\right)k!}\right)\right.\\ &\left.\left(\int_{1}^{\infty}e^{-t}t^{1/4\left(-5+i\right)}dt+\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{4\left(-1\right)^{k}}{\left(-1+i+4k\right)k!}\right)\right.\\ 1+1\left/\left(0.517927982770000+\frac{1}{2}\left(\pi^{-3/4}\left(\frac{2}{\pi^2}\right)^{1/8-1/4\left(1/2+i/2\right)}\right)\right.\\ &\left.\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i}{2}\right)\right)\left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i}{2}\right)-1\right)\right)0.494256987910000\right)\right)=\\ \end{split}$$

$$0.517927982770000 + \frac{0.988513975820000 \left(\frac{1}{\pi^2}\right)^{1/8+1/4} (-1/2-i/2)}{\oint_{L} e^{t} t^{1/4+i/4} dt \oint_{L} e^{t} t^{1/2} (1/2-i/2) dt}$$

$$\begin{split} 1+1\left/\left(0.517927982770000+\frac{1}{2}\left(\pi^{-3/4}\left(\frac{2}{\pi^2\,2}\right)^{1/8-1/4\,(1/2+i/2)}\right)\right.\\ \left.\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i}{2}\right)\right)\left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i}{2}\right)-1\right)\right)0.494256987910000\right)\right)=\\ \left(2.93077036435\left(1.000000000000000\left(\frac{1}{\pi^2}\right)^{i/8}\pi^{3/4}+\right.\\ \left.0.1628064682647\left(\int_0^\infty e^{-t}\,t^{-5/4-i/4}\left(1-e^t\sum_{k=0}^n\frac{(-t)^k}{k!}\right)dt\right)\right.\\ \left.\int_0^\infty e^{-t}\,t^{1/4\,(-5+i)}\left(1-e^t\sum_{k=0}^n\frac{(-t)^k}{k!}\right)dt\right)\right/\\ \left(1.000000000000\left(\frac{1}{\pi^2}\right)^{i/8}\pi^{3/4}+0.477148372315\right.\\ \left.\left(\int_0^\infty e^{-t}\,t^{-5/4-i/4}\left(1-e^t\sum_{k=0}^n\frac{(-t)^k}{k!}\right)dt\right)\right.\\ \int_0^\infty e^{-t}\,t^{1/4\,(-5+i)}\left(1-e^t\sum_{k=0}^n\frac{(-t)^k}{k!}\right)dt\right) \text{ for } \left(n\in\mathbb{Z} \text{ and } 0\leq n<\frac{1}{4}\right) \end{split}$$

or:

Input interpretation:

$$\left(1 + 1 / \left(0.51792798277 + \frac{1}{2} \pi^{-3/4} \left(\frac{\frac{2}{\pi^2}}{2}\right)^{1/8 - 1/4 (1/2 + 1/2 i)} \Gamma\left(-\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} i\right) \times \frac{1}{2}\right) \right) \right)$$

$$\Gamma\left(\left(\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} i\right) - 1\right) \times \frac{1}{2}\right) \times 0.49425698791\right) - \frac{6}{10^3} + \frac{1}{10^3} i$$

 $\Gamma(x)$ is the gamma function

i is the imaginary unit

Result:

1.6137400568... -0.12057647978... i

(using the principal branch of the logarithm for complex exponentiation)

Polar coordinates:

r = 1.6182384430 (radius), $\theta = -4.273123039^{\circ}$ (angle)

1.6182384430

$$\left(1+1\left/\left(0.517927982770000+\frac{1}{2}\left(\pi^{-3/4}\left(\frac{2}{\pi^2}\right)^{1/8-1/4\left(1/2+i/2\right)}\right)\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i}{2}\right)\right)\right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i}{2}\right)-1\right)\right)0.494256987910000\right)\right)\right) - \frac{6}{10^3} + \frac{i}{10^3} = \\ 1-\frac{6}{10^3}+\frac{i}{10^3}+1\left/\left(0.517927982770000+0.247128493955000\right)\right. \\ \left. \left(-1+\frac{1}{2}\left(-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2}\right)\right)!\left(-1+\frac{1}{2}\left(-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i}{2}\right)\right)!\pi^{-3/4}\left(\frac{1}{\pi^2}\right)^{-1/4\left(1/2+i/2\right)+1/8}\right) \right. \\ \left. \left(1+1\left/\left(0.517927982770000+\frac{1}{2}\left(\pi^{-3/4}\left(\frac{2}{\pi^2}\right)^{1/8-1/4\left(1/2+i/2\right)}\right)\right. \\ \left. \Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i}{2}\right)\right)\left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i}{2}\right)-1\right)\right)0.494256987910000\right)\right)\right) - \\ \left. \frac{6}{10^3}+\frac{i}{10^3}=1-\frac{6}{10^3}+\frac{i}{10^3}+1\left/\left(0.517927982770000+0.247128493955000\left(1\right)_{-1+\frac{1}{2}}\left(-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2}\right)^{1/8-1/4\left(1/2+i/2\right)}\right)\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i}{2}\right)\right) \\ \left. \left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i}{2}\right)-1\right)\right)0.494256987910000\right)\right)\right) - \frac{6}{10^3}+\frac{i}{10^3}=1-\frac{6}{10^3}+\frac{i}{10^3}+1\left/\left(0.517927982770000+0.247128493955000\right)\right) - \frac{6}{10^3}+\frac{i}{10^3}=1-\frac{6}{10^3}+\frac{i}{10^3}+1\left/\left(0.517927982770000+0.247128493955000\right) \\ \left. \left. \left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2}\right)-1\right)\right)0.494256987910000\right)\right)\right) - \frac{6}{10^3}+\frac{i}{10^3}=1-\frac{6}{10^3}+\frac{i}{10^3}+1\left/\left(0.517927982770000+0.247128493955000\right) \\ \left. \left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2}\right)-1\right)\right)0.494256987910000\right)\right)\right) - \frac{6}{10^3}+\frac{i}{10^3}=1-\frac{6}{10^3}+\frac{i}{10^3}+1\left/\left(0.517927982770000+0.247128493955000\right) \\ \left. \left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2}\right)\right)\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2}\right)\right)\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2}\right)\right)\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2}\right)\right)\right)\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2}\right)\right)\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2}\right)\right)\right)$$

 $\infty \rightarrow \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$

 B_n is the n^{th} Bernoulli number

Now, we have that:

$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \left\{ e^{-z} - 4\pi \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{xe^{-3z - \pi x^{2}e^{-4z}}}{e^{2\pi x} - 1} dx \right\} \cos tz dz$$

$$= \frac{1}{8\sqrt{\pi}} \Gamma\left(\frac{-1 + it}{4}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{-1 - it}{4}\right) \Xi(\frac{1}{2}t). \tag{12}$$

For t = 1 and $\Xi(1/2 t) = 0.49425698791$, we obtain:

1/(8sqrtPi) * gamma ((-1+i)/4) * gamma ((-1-i)/4) * 0.49425698791

Input interpretation:
$$\frac{1}{8\sqrt{\pi}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}(-1+i)\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}(-1-i)\right) \times 0.49425698791$$

 $\Gamma(x)$ is the gamma function

i is the imaginary unit

Result:

0.35938462381...

0.35938462381...

$$\frac{\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)0.494256987910000}{8\,\sqrt{\pi}} = \\ \frac{0.494256987910000\left(-1+\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)!\left(-1+\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)!}{8\,\sqrt{\pi}}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma\!\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\Gamma\!\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)0.494256987910000}{8\,\sqrt{\pi}} = \\ \frac{0.494256987910000\,(1)_{-1+\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)}\,(1)_{-1+\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)}}{8\,\sqrt{\pi}}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)0.494256987910000}{8\,\sqrt{\pi}} = \\ \frac{0.494256987910000\,e^{\log\Gamma(1/4\,(-1-i))}\,e^{\log\Gamma(1/4\,(-1+i))}}{8\,\sqrt{\pi}}$$

Integral representations:

for $(z_0 \notin \mathbb{Z} \text{ or } z_0 > 0)$

$$\begin{split} \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)0.494256987910000}{8\sqrt{\pi}} &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}}\,0.0617821234887500\\ \csc\left(\frac{1}{8}\left(-1+i\right)\pi\right)\csc\left(-\frac{1}{8}\left(1+i\right)\pi\right)\left(\int_{0}^{\infty}t^{-5/4-i/4}\sin(t)\,dt\right)\int_{0}^{\infty}t^{1/4\left(-5+i\right)}\sin(t)\,dt\\ \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)0.494256987910000}{8\sqrt{\pi}} &= \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}}\,0.0617821234887500\left(\int_{0}^{\infty}t^{-5/4-i/4}\left(e^{-t}-\sum_{k=0}^{n}\frac{(-t)^{k}}{k!}\right)dt\right)\\ \int_{0}^{\infty}t^{1/4\left(-5+i\right)}\left(e^{-t}-\sum_{k=0}^{n}\frac{(-t)^{k}}{k!}\right)dt &\text{for } \left(n\in\mathbb{Z} \text{ and } 0\leq n<\frac{1}{4}\right) \end{split}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)0.494256987910000}{8\sqrt{\pi}} = \frac{0.247128493955000\,\pi^2\,\mathcal{A}^2}{\sqrt{\pi}\,\oint\limits_{L} e^t\,t^{1/4+i/4}\,dt\oint\limits_{L} e^t\,t^{1/4-i/4}\,dt}$$

csc(x) is the cosecant function

From which, we obtain:

$$(2+sqrt7)*(((1/(8sqrtPi)*gamma*((-1+i)/4)*gamma*((-1-i)/4)*0.49425698791)))-(29-4)1/10^3$$

Input interpretation:
$$(2+\sqrt{7})(\frac{1}{8\sqrt{\pi}}\Gamma(\frac{1}{4}(-1+i))\Gamma(\frac{1}{4}(-1-i))\times 0.49425698791) - (29-4)\times \frac{1}{10^3}$$

 $\Gamma(x)$ is the gamma function

i is the imaginary unit

Result:

1.6446115872...

1.6446115872...

$$\frac{\left(2+\sqrt{7}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)0.494256987910000\right)}{8\sqrt{\pi}}-\frac{29-4}{10^3}=\\-\frac{25}{10^3}+\frac{0.494256987910000\left(-1+\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)!\left(-1+\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)!\left(2+\sqrt{7}\right)}{8\sqrt{\pi}}$$

$$\frac{\left(2+\sqrt{7}\right)\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\!\right)\!\left(\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\!\right)0.494256987910000\right)}{8\sqrt{\pi}}-\frac{29-4}{10^3}=\\-\frac{25}{10^3}+\frac{0.494256987910000\left(1\right)_{-1+\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)}\left(1\right)_{-1+\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)}\left(2+\sqrt{7}\right)}{8\sqrt{\pi}}$$

$$\begin{split} &\frac{\left(2+\sqrt{7}\right)\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\!\left(\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)0.494256987910000\right)}{8\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{29-4}{10^3} = \\ &-\frac{25}{10^3} + \frac{0.494256987910000}{8\sqrt{\pi}} e^{\log\Gamma\left(1/4\left(-1-i\right)\right)} e^{\log\Gamma\left(1/4\left(-1+i\right)\right)} \left(2+\sqrt{7}\right) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{(2+\sqrt{7})\,\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\,(-1+i)\right)\!\left(\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\,(-1-i)\right)0.494256987910000\right)}{8\,\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{29-4}{10^3} = \\ -\frac{1}{40} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}}\,0.0617821234887500\left(2.000000000000000000 + \sqrt{7}\right) \\ \left(\int_{1}^{\infty}e^{-t}\,t^{-5/4-i/4}\,dt - 4\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{(-1)^k}{(1+i-4k)\,k!}\right) \\ \left(\int_{1}^{\infty}e^{-t}\,t^{1/4\,(-5+i)}\,dt + 4\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{(-1)^k}{(-1+i)\,4\,k)\,k!}\right) \\ \frac{(2+\sqrt{7})\,\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\,(-1+i)\right)\!\left(\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\,(-1-i)\right)0.494256987910000\right)}{8\,\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{29-4}{10^3} = \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}}\,0.06178212348875\left(2.0000000000000000\cos\cos\left(\frac{1}{8}\,(-1+i)\,\pi\right)\right. \\ \left. \csc\!\left(-\frac{1}{8}\,(1+i)\,\pi\right)\!\left(\int_{0}^{\infty}t^{-5/4-i/4}\sin(t)\,dt\right)\int_{0}^{\infty}t^{1/4\,(-5+i)}\sin(t)\,dt + \\ 1.000000000000000000\cos\cos\left(\frac{1}{8}\,(-1+i)\,\pi\right)\csc\left(-\frac{1}{8}\,(1+i)\,\pi\right)\!\left(\int_{0}^{\infty}t^{-5/4-i/4}\sin(t)\,dt\right) \\ \left(\int_{0}^{\infty}t^{1/4\,(-5+i)}\sin(t)\,dt\right)\sqrt{7} - 0.40464779435029\,\sqrt{\pi} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} &\frac{\left(2+\sqrt{7}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)0.494256987910000\right)}{8\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{29-4}{10^3} = \\ &-\frac{1}{40} + \frac{0.247128493955000}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int\limits_{L}^{4} e^t \, t^{1/4+i/4} \, dt \oint\limits_{L}^{4} e^t \, t^{1/4-i/4} \, dt \end{split}$$

(2+sqrt7) * (((1/(8sqrtPi) * gamma ((-1+i)/4) * gamma ((-1-i)/4) * 0.49425698791)))-(55-3)1/10^3

Input interpretation:

$$\left(2+\sqrt{7}\right)\left(\frac{1}{8\sqrt{\pi}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}(-1+i)\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}(-1-i)\right)\times 0.49425698791\right) - (55-3)\times \frac{1}{10^3}$$

 $\Gamma(x)$ is the gamma function

i is the imaginary unit

Result:

1.6176115872...

1.6176115872...

$$\frac{\left(2+\sqrt{7}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)0.494256987910000\right)}{8\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{55-3}{10^3} = -\frac{52}{10^3} + \frac{0.494256987910000\left(-1+\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)!\left(-1+\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)!\left(2+\sqrt{7}\right)}{8\sqrt{\pi}}$$

$$\frac{\left(2+\sqrt{7}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)0.494256987910000\right)}{8\sqrt{\pi}}-\frac{55-3}{10^{3}}=\\-\frac{52}{10^{3}}+\frac{0.494256987910000\left(1\right)_{-1+\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)}\left(1\right)_{-1+\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)}\left(2+\sqrt{7}\right)}{8\sqrt{\pi}}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{\left(2+\sqrt{7}\right)\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\!\left(\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)0.494256987910000\right)}{8\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{55-3}{10^3} = \\ -\frac{52}{10^3} + \frac{0.494256987910000}{8\sqrt{\pi}} \frac{e^{\log\Gamma(1/4\left(-1-i\right))}}{8\sqrt{\pi}} \frac{e^{\log\Gamma(1/4\left(-1+i\right))}\left(2+\sqrt{7}\right)}{8\sqrt{\pi}} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{\left(2+\sqrt{7}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)0.494256987910000\right)}{8\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{55-3}{10^3} = \\ -\left(\left[0.052000000000000000\left(-2.37623551879808\,\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right) - \right. \\ \left. 1.18811775939904\,\exp\!\left(\pi\,\mathcal{A}\left[\frac{\arg(7-x)}{2\,\pi}\right]\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right) - \right. \\ \left. \sqrt{x}\,\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(-1\right)^k\left(7-x\right)^kx^{-k}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!} + 1.0000000000000000 \\ \left.\exp\!\left(\pi\,\mathcal{A}\left[\frac{\arg(\pi-x)}{2\,\pi}\right]\right)\sqrt{x}\,\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(-1\right)^k\left(\pi-x\right)^kx^{-k}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}\right)\right] \right/ \\ \left.\left(\exp\!\left(\pi\,\mathcal{A}\left[\frac{\arg(\pi-x)}{2\,\pi}\right]\right)\sqrt{x}\,\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{\left(-1\right)^k\left(\pi-x\right)^kx^{-k}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}\right)\right) \text{ for } (x\in\mathbb{R}) \\ \operatorname{R}\,\operatorname{and}\,x<0) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{(2+\sqrt{7})\,\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\,(-1+i)\right)\!\left(\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\,(-1-i)\right)0.494256987910000\right)}{8\,\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{55-3}{10^3} = \\ -\frac{13}{250} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}}\,0.0617821234887500\left(2.0000000000000000000 + \sqrt{7}\,\right) \\ \left(\int_{1}^{\infty}e^{-t}\,t^{-5/4-i/4}\,dt - 4\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{(-1)^k}{(1+i-4k)\,k!}\right) \\ \left(\int_{1}^{\infty}e^{-t}\,t^{1/4\,(-5+i)}\,dt + 4\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{(-1)^k}{(-1+i+4k)\,k!}\right) \\ \frac{(2+\sqrt{7})\,\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\,(-1+i)\right)\!\left(\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\,(-1-i)\right)0.494256987910000\right)}{8\,\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{55-3}{10^3} = \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}}\,0.06178212348875\left(2.0000000000000000\cos\left(\frac{1}{8}\,(-1+i)\,\pi\right)\right) \\ & \csc\left(-\frac{1}{8}\,(1+i)\,\pi\right)\!\left(\int_{0}^{\infty}t^{-5/4-i/4}\sin(t)\,dt\right)\int_{0}^{\infty}t^{1/4\,(-5+i)}\sin(t)\,dt + \\ 1.000000000000000000\cos\left(\frac{1}{8}\,(-1+i)\,\pi\right)\csc\left(-\frac{1}{8}\,(1+i)\,\pi\right)\!\left(\int_{0}^{\infty}t^{-5/4-i/4}\sin(t)\,dt\right) \\ \left(\int_{0}^{\infty}t^{1/4\,(-5+i)}\sin(t)\,dt\right)\sqrt{7} - 0.84166741224861\,\sqrt{\pi} \end{split}$$

$$\frac{\left(2+\sqrt{7}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)0.494256987910000\right)}{8\sqrt{\pi}}-\frac{55-3}{10^3}=\\-\frac{13}{250}+\frac{0.247128493955000}{\sqrt{\pi}}\int\limits_{L}^{e^t}t^{\frac{1}{4}+i/4}dt\oint\limits_{L}^{e^t}t^{\frac{1}{4}-i/4}dt$$

5* 10^3(((1/(8sqrtPi) * gamma ((-1+i)/4) * gamma ((-1-i)/4) * 0.49425698791)))-76+7+1/golden ratio+1/2

Input interpretation:

$$5\times 10^{3} \left(\frac{1}{8\sqrt{\pi}} \ \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1+i\right)\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1-i\right)\right) \times 0.49425698791\right) - 76 + 7 + \frac{1}{\phi} + \frac{1}{2}$$

 $\Gamma(x)$ is the gamma function

i is the imaginary unit

ø is the golden ratio

Result:

1729.0411530...

1729.0411530...

$$\frac{\left(5\times10^{3}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)0.494256987910000\right)}{8\sqrt{\pi}}-76+7+\frac{1}{\phi}+\frac{1}{2}=\\-\frac{137}{2}+\frac{1}{\phi}+\frac{2.47128493955000\left(-1+\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)!\left(-1+\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)!10^{3}}{8\sqrt{\pi}}$$

$$\frac{\left(5\times10^{3}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)0.494256987910000\right)}{8\sqrt{\pi}}-76+7+\frac{1}{\phi}+\frac{1}{2}=\\-\frac{137}{2}+\frac{1}{\phi}+\frac{2.47128493955000\left(1\right)_{-1+\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)}\left(1\right)_{-1+\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)}10^{3}}{8\sqrt{\pi}}$$

$$\frac{\left(5\times10^{3}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)0.494256987910000\right)}{8\sqrt{\pi}}-76+7+\frac{1}{\phi}+\frac{1}{2}=\\-\frac{137}{2}+\frac{1}{\phi}+\frac{2.47128493955000\times10^{3}}{8\sqrt{\pi}}e^{\log\Gamma\left(1/4\left(-1-i\right)\right)}e^{\log\Gamma\left(1/4\left(-1+i\right)\right)}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{(5\times10^3)\,\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\,(-1+i)\right)\!\left(\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\,(-1-i)\,0.494256987910000\right)}{8\,\sqrt{\pi}} - 76 + 7 + \frac{1}{\phi} + \frac{1}{2} = \\ -\frac{137}{2} + \frac{1}{\phi} + \frac{308.910617443750\,\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\,(-1-i)\right)\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\,(-1+i)\right)}{\exp\!\left(\pi\,\mathcal{R}\left\lfloor\frac{\operatorname{mig}(\pi-x)}{2\,\pi}\right\rfloor\right)\sqrt{x}\,\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{(-1)^k(\pi-x)^kx^{-k}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!}} & \text{for } (x\in\mathbb{R} \text{ and } x<0) \\ \frac{(5\times10^3)\,\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\,(-1+i)\right)\!\left(\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\,(-1-i)\,0.494256987910000\right)}{8\,\sqrt{\pi}} - 76 + 7 + \frac{1}{\phi} + \frac{1}{2} = \\ -\left(\!\left(68.5000000000000\right\!\left(\!-0.0145985401459854\sqrt{-1+\pi}\,\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\,(-1+\pi)^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\!\right) + \\ 1.00000000000000000\phi\,\phi\,\sqrt{-1+\pi}\,\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\,(-1+\pi)^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\!\right) + \\ \frac{1.5096440502737\,\phi}{2\,\pi^{2}} & \sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\,\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\,\left(\frac{1}{4}\,(-1+i)-z_{0}\right)^{k_{1}}\left(-\frac{1}{4}\,-\frac{i}{4}\,-z_{0}\right)^{k_{2}}\,\Gamma^{(k_{1})}(z_{0})\,\Gamma^{(k_{2})}(z_{0})}{k_{1}!k_{2}!} \right) \right) / \\ & \left(\phi\,\sqrt{-1+\pi}\,\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\,(-1+\pi)^{-k}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\!\right) \right) & \text{for } (z_{0}\notin\mathbb{Z} \text{ or } z_{0}>0) \\ & \frac{(5\times10^3)\,\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\,(-1+i)\right)\!\left(\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\,(-1-i)\right)0.494256987910000\right)}{8\,\sqrt{\pi}} - 76 + 7 + \frac{1}{\phi}\,+\frac{1}{2} = \\ & -\frac{137}{2}\,+\frac{1}{\phi}\,+\left(4942.56987910000\left(\frac{1}{z_{0}}\right)^{-1/2\,\lfloor\arg(\pi-z_{0})/(2\,\pi)\rfloor}\,z_{0}^{1/2\,(-1-\lfloor\arg(\pi-z_{0})/(2\,\pi)\rfloor})} \\ & \sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\,\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\,\frac{4^{-k_{1}-k_{2}}\,(-1-i)^{k_{1}}\,(-1+i)^{k_{2}}\,\Gamma^{(k_{1})}(1)\,\Gamma^{(k_{2})}(1)}{k_{1}!k_{2}!} \right) / \\ & \left((-1-i)\,(-1+i)\,\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\,\frac{(-1)^{k}\,\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_{k}\,(\pi-z_{0})^{k}\,z_{0}^{-k}}{k!}\right) \right) \right) / \left((-1-i)\,(-1+i)\,\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\,\frac{(-1)^{k}\,\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_{k}\,(\pi-z_{0})^{k}\,z_{0}^{-k}}{k!}\right) / \left((-1-i)\,(-1+i)\,\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\,\frac{(-1)^{k}\,\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_{k}\,(\pi-z_{0})^{k}\,z_{0}^{-k}}{k!}\right) / \left((-1-i)\,(-1+i)\,\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\,\frac{(-1)^{k}\,$$

$$\frac{\left(5\times10^{3}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)0.494256987910000\right)}{8\sqrt{\pi}}-76+7+\frac{1}{\phi}+\frac{1}{2}=\\-\frac{1}{\phi\sqrt{\pi}}\left(68.50000000000\left(-4.509644050274\phi\left(\int_{0}^{\infty}t^{-5/4-i/4}\left(e^{-t}-\sum_{k=0}^{n}\frac{\left(-t\right)^{k}}{k!}\right)dt\right)\right)\\\int_{0}^{\infty}t^{1/4}\left(-5+i\right)\left(e^{-t}-\sum_{k=0}^{n}\frac{\left(-t\right)^{k}}{k!}\right)dt-0.014598540145985\sqrt{\pi}+\\1.00000000000000000\phi\sqrt{\pi}\right)\ for \left(n\in\mathbb{Z}\ and\ 0\le n<\frac{1}{4}\right)$$

$$\frac{\left(5\times10^{3}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)\left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)0.494256987910000\right)}{8\sqrt{\pi}} - 76 + 7 + \frac{1}{\phi} + \frac{1}{2} = \\ -\frac{137}{2} + \frac{1}{\phi} + \frac{1235.64246977500}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int\limits_{L}^{\Phi^{t}} t^{\frac{1}{4}+i/4} dt \int\limits_{L}^{\Phi^{t}} t^{\frac{1}{4}-i/4} dt$$

1/3 *10^3(((1/(8sqrtPi) * gamma ((-1+i)/4) * gamma ((-1-i)/4) * 0.49425698791)))+21+2-Pi

Input interpretation:
$$\frac{1}{3} \times 10^{3} \left(\frac{1}{8\sqrt{\pi}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} (-1+i)\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} (-1-i)\right) \times 0.49425698791 \right) + 21 + 2 - \pi$$

 $\Gamma(x)$ is the gamma function

i is the imaginary unit

Result:

139.65328195...

139.65328195...

Alternative representations:

$$\frac{10^3 \left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right) 0.494256987910000\right)}{\left(8\sqrt{\pi}\right) 3} + 21 + 2 - \pi = \\ 23 - \pi + \frac{0.164752329303333 \left(-1+\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)! \left(-1+\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)! \ 10^3}{8\sqrt{\pi}}$$

$$\frac{10^3 \left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right) 0.494256987910000\right)}{\left(8\sqrt{\pi}\right) 3} + 21 + 2 - \pi = \\ \frac{0.164752329303333 \left(1\right)_{-1+\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)} \left(1\right)_{-1+\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)} 10^3}{8\sqrt{\pi}}$$

$$\frac{10^3 \left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right) 0.494256987910000\right)}{\left(8\sqrt{\pi}\right) 3} + 21 + 2 - \pi = \\ \frac{10^3 \left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right) 0.494256987910000\right)}{\left(8\sqrt{\pi}\right) 3} + 21 + 2 - \pi = \\ 23 - \pi + \frac{0.164752329303333 \times 10^3 \ e^{\log\Gamma(1/4\left(-1-i\right))} \ e^{\log\Gamma(1/4\left(-1+i\right))}}{8\sqrt{\pi}}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{10^3 \left(\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1+i\right)\right) \Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1-i\right)\right) 0.494256987910000\right)}{\left(8 \, \sqrt{\pi} \,\right) 3} + 21 + 2 - \pi = \\ 23 - \pi + \frac{20.5940411629167 \, \Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1-i\right)\right) \Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1+i\right)\right)}{\exp\!\left(\pi \, \mathcal{R} \left\lfloor \frac{\arg(\pi-x)}{2\,\pi} \right\rfloor\right) \sqrt{x} \, \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(-1\right)^k \left(\pi-x\right)^k x^{-k} \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k}{k!} \end{split} \quad \text{for } (x \in \mathbb{R} \text{ and } x < 0) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{10^3 \left(\Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right) \Gamma\!\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right) 0.494256987910000\right)}{\left(8\,\sqrt{\pi}\,\right) 3} + 21 + 2 - \pi = \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} 1.00000000000000 \left(-20.5940411629167 \csc\!\left(\frac{1}{8}\left(-1+i\right)\pi\right)\right) \\ \csc\!\left(-\frac{1}{8}\left(1+i\right)\pi\right)\!\left(\int_0^\infty t^{-5/4-i/4} \sin(t)\,dt\right) \int_0^\infty t^{1/4\left(-5+i\right)} \sin(t)\,dt - \\ 23.00000000000000000\sqrt{\pi} + 1.0000000000000000\pi\,\sqrt{\pi} \right) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{10^3 \left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right) 0.494256987910000\right)}{\left(8\sqrt{\pi}\right) 3} + 21 + 2 - \pi = \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} 1.00000000000000 \left(-20.594041162917 \left(\int_0^\infty t^{-5/4-i/4} \left(e^{-t} - \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{(-t)^k}{k!}\right) dt\right) \\ \int_0^\infty t^{1/4 \cdot (-5+i)} \left(e^{-t} - \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{(-t)^k}{k!}\right) dt - 23.000000000000 \sqrt{\pi} + \\ 1.000000000000000000 \pi \sqrt{\pi}\right) \text{ for } \left(n \in \mathbb{Z} \text{ and } 0 \le n < \frac{1}{4}\right) \end{split}$$

$$\frac{10^{3} \left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1+i\right)\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1-i\right)\right) 0.494256987910000\right)}{\left(8 \sqrt{\pi}\right) 3} + 21 + 2 - \pi = \\ 23 - \pi + \frac{82.3761646516667 \,\pi^{2} \,\mathcal{A}^{2}}{\sqrt{\pi} \, \oint_{L} e^{t} \, t^{1/4+i/4} \, dt \, \oint_{L} e^{t} \, t^{1/4-i/4} \, dt}$$

1/3 *10^3(((1/(8sqrtPi) * gamma ((-1+i)/4) * gamma ((-1-i)/4) * 0.49425698791)))+7-golden ratio

Input interpretation:

$$\frac{1}{3} \times 10^{3} \left(\frac{1}{8 \sqrt{\pi}} \; \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} \; (-1 + i) \right) \Gamma \left(\frac{1}{4} \; (-1 - i) \right) \times 0.49425698791 \right) + 7 - \phi$$

 $\Gamma(x)$ is the gamma function

i is the imaginary unit

ø is the golden ratio

Result:

125.17684061...

125.17684061...

Alternative representations:

$$\frac{10^{3} \left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right) 0.494256987910000\right)}{\left(8\sqrt{\pi}\right) 3} + 7 - \phi = \\ \frac{0.164752329303333 \left(-1+\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right)! \left(-1+\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right)! \ 10^{3}}{8\sqrt{\pi}}$$

$$\frac{10^{3} \left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right) 0.494256987910000\right)}{\left(8\sqrt{\pi}\right) 3} + 7 - \phi = \\ \frac{0.164752329303333 \left(1\right)_{-1+\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)} \left(1\right)_{-1+\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)} 10^{3}}{8\sqrt{\pi}}$$

$$\frac{10^{3} \left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right) 0.494256987910000\right)}{\left(8\sqrt{\pi}\right) 3} + 7 - \phi = \\ \frac{10^{3} \left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right) 0.494256987910000\right)}{\left(8\sqrt{\pi}\right) 3} + 7 - \phi = \\ 7 - \phi + \frac{0.164752329303333 \times 10^{3} e^{\log\Gamma\left(1/4\left(-1-i\right)\right)} e^{\log\Gamma\left(1/4\left(-1+i\right)\right)}}{8\sqrt{\pi}}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{10^3 \left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 + i \right) \right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 - i \right) \right) 0.494256987910000 \right)}{(8 \sqrt{\pi}) \ 3} + 7 - \phi = \\ 7 - \phi + \frac{20.5940411629167 \ \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 - i \right) \right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 + i \right) \right)}{\exp\left(\pi \ \mathcal{A} \left\lfloor \frac{\arg\left(\pi - x\right)}{2 \, \pi} \right\rfloor \right) \sqrt{x} \ \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(-1 \right)^k \left(\pi - x \right)^k \, x^{-k} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right)_k}{k!} } \ \text{ for } (x \in \mathbb{R} \ \text{and } x < 0) \\ \frac{10^3 \left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 + i \right) \right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 - i \right) \right) 0.494256987910000 \right)}{(8 \sqrt{\pi}) \ 3} + 7 - \phi = \\ - \left(\left(1.000000000000000 \left(-7.0000000000000 \sqrt{-1 + \pi} \ \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(-1 + \pi \right)^{-k} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) + \right. \right. \\ \left. 1.00000000000000000 \phi \sqrt{-1 + \pi} \ \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(-1 + \pi \right)^{-k} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) - \\ 20.5940411629167 \\ \sum_{k_1 = 0}^{\infty} \sum_{k_2 = 0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1 + i \right) - z_0 \right)^{k_1} \left(-\frac{1}{4} - \frac{i}{4} - z_0 \right)^{k_2} \Gamma^{(k_1)}(z_0) \Gamma^{(k_2)}(z_0)}{k_1! \, k_2!} \right) \right) / \\ \left(\sqrt{-1 + \pi} \ \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(-1 + \pi \right)^{-k} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \right) \right) \text{ for } (z_0 \notin \mathbb{Z} \ \text{ or } z_0 > 0) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{10^3 \left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right) 0.494256987910000\right)}{\left(8\sqrt{\pi}\right) 3} + 7 - \phi &= \\ 7 - \phi + \left(329.504658606667 \left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{-1/2 \left\lfloor \arg(\pi-z_0)/(2\pi)\right\rfloor} z_0^{1/2 \left(-1-\left\lfloor \arg(\pi-z_0)/(2\pi)\right\rfloor\right)} \\ \sum_{k_1=0}^{\infty} \sum_{k_2=0}^{\infty} \frac{4^{-k_1-k_2} \left(-1-i\right)^{k_1} \left(-1+i\right)^{k_2} \Gamma^{\left(k_1\right)}(1) \Gamma^{\left(k_2\right)}(1)}{k_1! \, k_2!} \right) / \\ \left(\left(-1-i\right) \left(-1+i\right) \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(-1\right)^k \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)_k \left(\pi-z_0\right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k!} \right) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{10^3 \left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right) 0.494256987910000\right)}{\left(8\sqrt{\pi}\right) 3} + 7 - \phi = \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} 1.00000000000000 \left(-20.5940411629167 \csc\left(\frac{1}{8}\left(-1+i\right)\pi\right)\right) \\ \csc\left(-\frac{1}{8}\left(1+i\right)\pi\right) \left(\int_0^\infty t^{-5/4-i/4} \sin(t) \, dt\right) \int_0^\infty t^{1/4\left(-5+i\right)} \sin(t) \, dt - \\ 7.000000000000000 \sqrt{\pi} + 1.000000000000000 \phi \sqrt{\pi}\right) \end{split}$$

$$\frac{10^{3} \left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1+i\right)\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(-1-i\right)\right) 0.494256987910000\right)}{\left(8\sqrt{\pi}\right) 3} + 7 - \phi = \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} 1.00000000000000 \left(-20.594041162917 \left(\int_{0}^{\infty} t^{-5/4-i/4} \left(e^{-t} - \sum_{k=0}^{n} \frac{(-t)^{k}}{k!}\right) dt\right) \\ \int_{0}^{\infty} t^{1/4} \frac{(-5+i)}{k!} \left(e^{-t} - \sum_{k=0}^{n} \frac{(-t)^{k}}{k!}\right) dt - 7.0000000000000 \sqrt{\pi} + \\ 1.00000000000000000 \phi \sqrt{\pi}\right) \text{ for } \left(n \in \mathbb{Z} \text{ and } 0 \le n < \frac{1}{4}\right)$$

$$\frac{10^{3} \left(\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1+i\right)\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-1-i\right)\right) 0.494256987910000\right)}{\left(8 \sqrt{\pi}\right) 3} + 7 - \phi = \\ 7 - \phi + \frac{82.3761646516667 \pi^{2} \mathcal{A}^{2}}{\sqrt{\pi} \oint_{L} e^{t} t^{1/4+i/4} dt \oint_{L} e^{t} t^{1/4-i/4} dt}$$

Observations

From:

https://www.scientificamerican.com/article/mathematics-ramanujan/?fbclid=IwAR2caRXrn_RpOSvJ1QxWsVLBcJ6KVgd_Af_hrmDYBNyU8mpSjRs1BDeremA

Ramanujan's statement concerned the deceptively simple concept of partitions—the different ways in which a whole number can be subdivided into smaller numbers. Ramanujan's original statement, in fact, stemmed from the observation of patterns, such as the fact that p(9) = 30, p(9 + 5) = 135, p(9 + 10) = 490, p(9 + 15) = 1,575 and so on are all divisible by 5. Note that here the n's come at intervals of five units.

Ramanujan posited that this pattern should go on forever, and that similar patterns exist when 5 is replaced by 7 or 11—there are infinite sequences of p(n) that are all divisible by 7 or 11, or, as mathematicians say, in which the "moduli" are 7 or 11.

Then, in nearly oracular tone Ramanujan went on: "There appear to be corresponding properties," he wrote in his 1919 paper, "in which the moduli are powers of 5, 7 or 11...and no simple properties for any moduli involving primes other than these three." (Primes are whole numbers that are only divisible by themselves or by 1.) Thus, for instance, there should be formulas for an infinity of n's separated by $5^3 = 125$ units, saying that the corresponding p(n)'s should all be divisible by 125. In the past methods developed to understand partitions have later been applied to physics problems such as the theory of the strong nuclear force or the entropy of black holes.

From Wikipedia

In particle physics, Yukawa's interaction or Yukawa coupling, named after Hideki Yukawa, is an interaction between a scalar field ϕ and a Dirac field ψ . The Yukawa interaction can be used to describe the nuclear force between nucleons (which are fermions), mediated by pions (which are pseudoscalar mesons). The Yukawa interaction is also used in the Standard Model to describe the coupling between the Higgs field and massless quark and lepton fields (i.e., the fundamental fermion particles). Through spontaneous symmetry breaking, these fermions acquire a mass proportional to the vacuum expectation value of the Higgs field.

Can be this the motivation that from the development of the Ramanujan's equations we obtain results very near to the dilaton mass calculated as a type of Higgs boson: 125 GeV for T=0 and to the Higgs boson mass 125.18 GeV and practically equal to the rest mass of Pion meson 139.57 MeV

Note that:

$$g_{22} = \sqrt{(1+\sqrt{2})}.$$

Hence

$$64g_{22}^{24} = e^{\pi\sqrt{22}} - 24 + 276e^{-\pi\sqrt{22}} - \cdots,$$

$$64g_{22}^{-24} = 4096e^{-\pi\sqrt{22}} + \cdots,$$

so that

$$64(g_{22}^{24} + g_{22}^{-24}) = e^{\pi\sqrt{22}} - 24 + 4372e^{-\pi\sqrt{22}} + \dots = 64\{(1+\sqrt{2})^{12} + (1-\sqrt{2})^{12}\}.$$

Hence

$$e^{\pi\sqrt{22}} = 2508951.9982\dots$$

Thence:

$$64g_{22}^{-24} = 4096e^{-\pi\sqrt{22}} + \cdots$$

And

$$64(g_{22}^{24} + g_{22}^{-24}) = e^{\pi\sqrt{22}} - 24 + 4372e^{-\pi\sqrt{22}} + \dots = 64\{(1+\sqrt{2})^{12} + (1-\sqrt{2})^{12}\}$$

That are connected with 64, 128, 256, 512, 1024 and $4096 = 64^2$

(Modular equations and approximations to π - S. Ramanujan - Quarterly Journal of Mathematics, XLV, 1914, 350 – 372)

All the results of the most important connections are signed in blue throughout the drafting of the paper. We highlight as in the development of the various equations we use always the constants π , ϕ , $1/\phi$, the Fibonacci and Lucas numbers, linked to the

golden ratio, that play a fundamental role in the development, and therefore, in the final results of the analyzed expressions.

In mathematics, the Fibonacci numbers, commonly denoted F_n , form a sequence, called the Fibonacci sequence, such that each number is the sum of the two preceding ones, starting from 0 and 1. Fibonacci numbers are strongly related to the golden ratio: Binet's formula expresses the nth Fibonacci number in terms of n and the golden ratio, and implies that the ratio of two consecutive Fibonacci numbers tends to the golden ratio as n increases.

Fibonacci numbers are also closely related to Lucas numbers, in that the Fibonacci and Lucas numbers form a complementary pair of Lucas sequences

The beginning of the sequence is thus:

0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55, 89, 144, 233, 377, 610, 987, 1597, 2584, 4181, 6765, 10946, 17711, 28657, 46368, 75025, 121393, 196418, 317811, 514229, 832040, 1346269, 2178309, 3524578, 5702887, 9227465, 14930352, 24157817, 39088169, 63245986, 102334155...

The Lucas numbers or Lucas series are an integer sequence named after the mathematician François Édouard Anatole Lucas (1842–91), who studied both that sequence and the closely related Fibonacci numbers. Lucas numbers and Fibonacci numbers form complementary instances of Lucas sequences.

The Lucas sequence has the same recursive relationship as the Fibonacci sequence, where each term is the sum of the two previous terms, but with different starting values. This produces a sequence where the ratios of successive terms approach the golden ratio, and in fact the terms themselves are roundings of integer powers of the golden ratio. [1] The sequence also has a variety of relationships with the Fibonacci numbers, like the fact that adding any two Fibonacci numbers two terms apart in the Fibonacci sequence results in the Lucas number in between.

The sequence of Lucas numbers is:

2, 1, 3, 4, 7, 11, 18, 29, 47, 76, 123, 199, 322, 521, 843, 1364, 2207, 3571, 5778, 9349, 15127, 24476, 39603, 64079, 103682, 167761, 271443, 439204, 710647, 1149851, 1860498, 3010349, 4870847, 7881196, 12752043, 20633239, 33385282, 54018521, 87403803......

All Fibonacci-like integer sequences appear in shifted form as a row of the Wythoff array; the Fibonacci sequence itself is the first row and the Lucas sequence is the

second row. Also like all Fibonacci-like integer sequences, the ratio between two consecutive Lucas numbers converges to the golden ratio.

A Lucas prime is a Lucas number that is prime. The first few Lucas primes are: 2, 3, 7, 11, 29, 47, 199, 521, 2207, 3571, 9349, 3010349, 54018521, 370248451, 6643838879, ... (sequence A005479 in the OEIS).

In geometry, a golden spiral is a logarithmic spiral whose growth factor is φ , the golden ratio. [1] That is, a golden spiral gets wider (or further from its origin) by a factor of φ for every quarter turn it makes. Approximate logarithmic spirals can occur in nature, for example the arms of spiral galaxies [3] - golden spirals are one special case of these logarithmic spirals

We observe that 1728 and 1729 are results very near to the mass of candidate glueball $\mathbf{f_0}(1710)$ scalar meson. Furthermore, 1728 occurs in the algebraic formula for the j-invariant of an elliptic curve. As a consequence, it is sometimes called a Zagier as a pun on the Gross–Zagier theorem. The number 1728 is one less than the Hardy–Ramanujan number 1729 (taxicab number).

Furthermore, we obtain as results of our computations, always values very near to the Higgs boson mass 125.18 GeV and practically equals to the rest mass of Pion meson 139.57 MeV. In conclusion we obtain also many results that are very good approximations to the value of the golden ratio 1.618033988749... and to $\zeta(2) = \frac{\pi^2}{6} = 1.644934$...

We note how the following three values: 137.508 (golden angle), 139.57 (mass of the Pion - meson Pi) and 125.18 (mass of the Higgs boson), are connected to each other. In fact, just add 2 to 137.508 to obtain a result very close to the mass of the Pion and subtract 12 to 137.508 to obtain a result that is also very close to the mass of the Higgs boson. We can therefore hypothesize that it is the golden angle (and the related golden ratio inherent in it) to be a fundamental ingredient both in the structures of the microcosm and in those of the macrocosm.

References

New expressions for Riemann's functions $\xi(s)$ and $\Xi(t)$ – *Srinivasa Ramanujan* Quarterly Journal of Mathematics, XLVI, 1915, 253 – 260