

To Those in Search of the Truth  
To Generations of Civilization

# **【UNIVERSAL AND UNIFIED FIELD THEORY】**

## **Philosophical and Analytical Overview**

Version 3



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# AGENDA

1. Generations of Physics
2. Mission Overview
3. Universal Topology
4. Topological Framework
5. Quantum Mechanics
6. Photon, Light and Electromagnetism
7. Law of Conservation of Light
8. QED, QCD and Standard Model
9. General Symmetric Dynamics
10. Graviton and Gravitational Fields
11. Law of Conservation of Gravitation
12. Our Challenges and Glorious Future

## 1. First Generation: Classical Physics

- ▶ From Euclidean space to Newtonian mechanics in 1687: Motion and Force, Space and time are individual parameters without interwoven relationship
- ▶ Basic concept for *Real Existence* of space and *Virtual Existence* of time without expression of virtual reality
- ▶ **Unification** – *Maxwell's Equations* of Analytical Physics in 1861

## 2. Second Generation: Modern Physics

- ▶ Limited to physical existence only, Quantum and Relativity are pioneered since 1838 without using the interwoven continuum of quantum state fields
- ▶ Coupled virtual existence of time with real existence of space into an interwoven continuum: spacetime Manifold *introduced* in 1905.
- ▶ **Unification** – *Virtual and Physical Entanglements* of Topological Duality in 2018

## 3. Third Generation: New Era of Physics

- ▶ *Virtual Formation* of elementary particles (e.g. quarks, leptons, bosons) in 1961
- ▶ *Virtual Massage Compositions*, introduced as **Universal Massaon** in 2012
- ▶ Biological and Metaphysical Formulations ...

# GENERATIONS OF PHYSICS

# MISSION OVERVIEW

## UNIFICATION OF THE SECOND GENERATION

1. Unified Fields - superseding and imposing an integrity of all empirical models of relativity, quantum, light, electromagnetism, graviton, gravitation, thermodynamics, cosmology, and others.
2. Universal Theory - evolving and prevailing an generality of all ubiquitous laws of topology, event, duality, horizon, conservation, continuity, symmetry, asymmetry, entanglement, and beyond.

# Universal Topology and Topological Framework

Reference: <http://vixra.org/abs/1709.0308>

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## Virtual and Physical Worlds

- ▶ A world is an environment composed of events or constituted by hierarchical structures of *massless* objects, *massive* matters, or *both*.
- ▶ These hierarchical structures can be respectively defined as *virtual* world, *physical* world, and together: the universe.
- ▶ Because of this duality nature, a universe manifold always has *a mirrored pair* in the imaginary part, a conjugate pair of complex manifolds, or reciprocal Manifolds of Yin and Yang

## UNIVERSAL TOPOLOGY

# TOPOLOGICAL FRAMEWORK

Category	Classical and Contemporary Physics		Universal and Unified Field Theory		
Contents	Description	Formulations	Elevations	Formulations	References
Manifold Topology	<i>Minkowski Spacetime</i>	$\{\mathbf{r}-\mathbf{k}\} \quad \mathbf{k}=\begin{cases} x_0=-ct \\ x_0=ct \end{cases}$	<i>Virtual and Physical Manifolds</i>	$\{\mathbf{r} \pm i \mathbf{k}\} \quad i \mathbf{k}=i c t=x_0=-x^0$	Eq. (1.1) Eq. (1.2)
Scalar Fields	<i>A Pair of Scalar Fields</i>	$\phi, \phi^*$	<i>Two Pairs of Scalar Fields</i>	$\phi^+(\hat{x}, \lambda), \varphi^-(\check{x}, \lambda) \quad \phi^-(\check{x}, \lambda), \varphi^+(\hat{x}, \lambda)$	Eq. (2.1) Eq. (2.2)
Operations	<i>Math Operators</i>	$\partial_m \in\left\{\partial_\kappa=\partial / \partial x_0, \partial_r=\nabla\right\}$	<i>Event Operations</i>	$\hat{\partial}^\lambda \psi=\dot{x}^\mu \partial^\mu \psi \quad \check{\partial}_\lambda \psi=\dot{x}_m \partial_m \psi$	Eq. (3.1) Eq. (3.2)
Scalar Transformation	<i>N/A</i>		<i>Event Operations (Boost and Torque)</i>	$\hat{\partial}_\lambda \psi=\dot{x}_a\left(J_{\mu a}^++K_{\mu a}^+\right) \partial^\mu \psi$ $\check{\partial}^\lambda \psi=\dot{x}^\alpha\left(J_{m \alpha}^-+K_{m \alpha}^- \right) \partial_m \psi$	Eq. (3.5) Eq. (3.7)
Entangle Generators	<i>N/A</i>		<i>Boost and Torque Tensors</i>	$J_{\mu a}^\pm=\partial x^\mu / \partial x_a \quad K_{\mu a}^\pm=\Gamma_{\mu a}^{\pm \sigma} x_\sigma$	Eq. (3.5) Eq. (3.7)
Event Evolutions	<i>Loop Events</i>	<i>Loop Quantum Gravity, String Theory, etc.</i>	<i>Yin Yang Evolution</i>	$W^+:(\hat{\partial}^{\lambda_1} \rightarrow \hat{\partial}_{\lambda_2}),\left(\check{\partial}^{\lambda_2} \rightarrow \check{\partial}_{\lambda_3}\right)$ $W^-:(\check{\partial}_{\lambda_1} \rightarrow \check{\partial}^{\lambda_2}),\left(\hat{\partial}^{\lambda_2} \rightarrow \hat{\partial}_{\lambda_3}\right)$	Fig. 4.1 Eq. (4.1) Eq. (4.2)
Motion Operation	<i>Euler-Lagrange Equation</i>	$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial f_i}-\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d} x}\left(\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial f_i^{\prime}}\right)=0_i$	<i>Dual Motion Entanglements</i>	$\check{\partial}^-\left(\frac{\partial W}{\partial\left(\hat{\partial}^+\phi\right)}\right)-\frac{\partial W}{\partial \phi}=0 \quad \hat{\partial}^+\left(\frac{\partial W}{\partial\left(\check{\partial}^-\phi\right)}\right)-\frac{\partial W}{\partial \phi}=0$	Eq. (4.3) Eq. (4.4)
Geodesic Equation	<i>Single World-line</i>	$\ddot{x}_m+\Gamma_{a b}^m \dot{x}_a \dot{x}_b=0$	<i>Dual World-lines</i>	$\ddot{x}^\mu+\Gamma_{\alpha \beta}^{\pm \mu} \dot{x}^\alpha \dot{x}^\beta=0 \quad \ddot{x}_m+\Gamma_{a b}^m \dot{x}_a \dot{x}_b=0$	Eq. (4.5)
Generic Equations	<i>Lagrangians</i>	$\mathcal{L}(\varphi, \nabla \varphi, \partial \varphi / \partial t, \mathbf{x}, t)$	<i>World Equations</i>	$W=k_w \int \mathrm{d} \Gamma \sum_n h_n\left[W_n^\pm+\kappa_1 \hat{\partial}_{\lambda_1}+\kappa_2 \hat{\partial}_{\lambda_2} \hat{\partial}_{\lambda_1} \cdots\right] \phi_n^+ \phi_n^-$	Eq. (5.7)
First Universal Fields (Yang)	<i>N/A</i>		$\kappa_1\left(\check{\partial}^{\lambda_2}-\hat{\partial}_{\lambda_2}\right) \phi_n^++\kappa_2\left(\check{\partial}_{\lambda_3} \check{\partial}^{\lambda_2}+\hat{\partial}_{\lambda_3} \hat{\partial}_{\lambda_2}-\check{\partial}_{\lambda_3} \hat{\partial}_{\lambda_2}\right) \phi_n^+=W_n^+ \phi_n^+$		Eq. (6.7)
	<i>N/A</i>		$\kappa_1\left(\check{\partial}_{\lambda_1}-\hat{\partial}^{\lambda_1}\right) \varphi_n^++\kappa_2\left(\check{\partial}^{\lambda_2} \check{\partial}_{\lambda_1}+\hat{\partial}^{\lambda_2} \hat{\partial}_{\lambda_1}-\check{\partial}^{\lambda_2} \hat{\partial}_{\lambda_1}\right) \varphi_n^+=W_n^+ \varphi_n^+$		Eq. (6.8)
First Universal Fields (Yin)	<i>N/A</i>		$\kappa_1\left(\hat{\partial}^{\lambda_1}-\check{\partial}_{\lambda_1}\right) \phi_n^-+\kappa_2\left(\hat{\partial}^{\lambda_2} \hat{\partial}_{\lambda_1}+\check{\partial}^{\lambda_2} \check{\partial}_{\lambda_1}-\hat{\partial}^{\lambda_2} \check{\partial}_{\lambda_1}\right) \phi_n^-=W_n^- \phi_n^-$		Eq. (6.12)
	<i>N/A</i>		$\kappa_1\left(\hat{\partial}_{\lambda_2}-\check{\partial}^{\lambda_2}\right) \varphi_n^-+\kappa_2\left(\hat{\partial}_{\lambda_3} \hat{\partial}_{\lambda_2}+\check{\partial}_{\lambda_3} \check{\partial}^{\lambda_2}-\hat{\partial}_{\lambda_3} \check{\partial}^{\lambda_2}\right) \varphi_n^-=W_n^- \varphi_n^-$		Eq. (6.13)



1. From a pair of the manifolds (1.1-1.2) and two pairs of the scalar potentials (2.1-2.2), the universal topology institutes a mathematical **framework** (3.1-3.16) of the foundations that animate physical reality.
2. The dynamical movement flows (Figure 4.1) of the streaming processes (4.1-4.2) represent in-depth of and evolving into the general theory of the world equations (5.7).
3. The duality of event flows, in which each of the two sides switches into the other by an alternating stream, implies the principle of least-actions of the **motion operations** (4.3-4.4).
4. The principle of duality operates a series of actions modeled in a system of equations for all physical fields (6.7-6.8, 6.12-6.13), the **Unified Field Equations**.

## COMMENTARY ON UNIVERSAL TOPOLOGY AND FRAMEWORK



# QUANTUM PHYSICS

Reference: <http://vixra.org/abs/1709.0358>

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# QUANTUM MECHANICS

Category	Classical and Contemporary Physics		Universal and Unified Field Theory		
Contents	Description	Formulations	Elevations	Formulations	References
General Quantum Equations  ( First Universal Field Equations)	N/A		$\frac{-\hbar^2}{2E_n^+}\partial_\lambda\partial_\lambda\phi_n^+-\frac{\hbar}{2}\left(\partial_\lambda-\partial^\lambda\right)\phi_n^++\frac{\hbar^2}{2E_n^+}\partial_\lambda\left(\partial_\lambda-\partial^\lambda\right)\phi_n^+=E_n^+\phi_n^+$		Eq. (8.1)
	N/A		$\frac{\hbar^2}{2E_n^-}\partial^\lambda\partial_\lambda\varphi_n^--\frac{\hbar}{2}\left(\partial^\lambda-\partial_\lambda\right)\varphi_n^-+\frac{\hbar^2}{2E_n^-}\left(\partial_\lambda-\partial^\lambda\right)\partial^\lambda\varphi_n^-=E_n^-\varphi_n^-$		Eq. (8.2)
	Operators	$\hat{\mathbf{p}}=-i\hbar\nabla\qquad\hat{E}=i\hbar\partial/\partial t$	$\frac{\hbar^2}{2E_n^-}\partial^\lambda\partial_\lambda\phi_n^--\frac{\hbar}{2}\left(1+\frac{\hbar}{E_n^-}\partial^\lambda\right)\left(\partial_\lambda-\partial^\lambda\right)\phi_n^-=\frac{W_n^-}{c^2}\phi_n^-$		Eq. (8.4)
	N/A		$\frac{-\hbar^2}{2E_n^+}\partial^\lambda\partial_\lambda\varphi_n^+-\frac{\hbar}{2}\left(1-\frac{\hbar}{E_n^+}\partial^\lambda\right)\left(\partial^\lambda-\partial_\lambda\right)\varphi_n^+=\frac{W_n^+}{c^2}\varphi_n^+$		Eq. (8.3)
Dynamic Equations	Lagrangians	$\mathcal{L}(\varphi,\nabla\varphi,\partial\varphi/\partial t,\mathbf{x},t)$	Yin Yang Lagrangians	$\hat{\mathcal{L}}^-=\frac{-\hbar^2}{2E_n^+E_n^-}\phi^+\partial^\lambda\partial^\lambda\varphi^-$ $\hat{\mathcal{L}}^+=\frac{-\hbar^2}{2E_n^+E_n^-}\varphi^-\partial_\lambda\partial_\lambda\phi^+$	Eq. (8.6)
Mass Energy	Einstein Equation	$E=mc^2$	Virtual Duality	$E_n^\mp=\pm imc^2$	Eq. (8.7)
Lorenze Generator	Between Frames	$L_s^\pm=A_s\mp iB_s$	Between Manifolds	Derived the Same	Eq. (7.1)
Spinor	Pauli Matrix	$\sigma_n=\left\{\begin{pmatrix}-1&0\\0&1\end{pmatrix}_0,\begin{pmatrix}0&1\\1&0\end{pmatrix}_1,\begin{pmatrix}0&i\\-i&0\end{pmatrix}_2,\begin{pmatrix}1&0\\0&1\end{pmatrix}_3\right\}$	Lorenze Boost Generator	Derived the Same	Eq. (7.4) Eq. (7.5)
Relativistic Wave Equation	Dirac Equation	$\left(i\hbar\gamma^\nu\partial_\nu\mp mc^2\right)\psi=0$	Yang Interaction	Derived the Same	Eq. (8.8) Eq. (8.10)
Spinor Fields	Weyl Spinor	$I_2\frac{1}{c}\frac{\partial\psi}{\partial t}+\sigma_x\frac{\partial\psi}{\partial x}+\sigma_y\frac{\partial\psi}{\partial y}+\sigma_z\frac{\partial\psi}{\partial z}=0$	Spin Generators	Derived the Same	Eq. (8.14)
Wave-Practical Equation	Schrödinger Equation	$i\hbar\frac{\partial\psi_n}{\partial t}=\hat{H}\psi_n\quad\hat{H}\equiv-\frac{\hbar^2}{2m}\nabla^2+\hat{V}(\mathbf{r})$	Yin Interaction	Derived the Same	Eq. (8.17)
Energy-Momentum Conservation	Klein-Gordon	$\frac{1}{c^2}\frac{\partial^2\phi_n}{\partial t^2}-\nabla^2\phi_n+\left(\frac{mc}{\hbar}\right)^2\phi_n=0$	Yin Yang Conservation	$-\frac{1}{c^2}\frac{\partial^2\Phi_n^-}{\partial t^2}+\nabla^2\Phi_n^-=4\frac{E_n^-E_n^+}{(\hbar c)^2}\Phi_n^-$ $\Phi_n^-=\varphi_n^+\phi_n^-$	Eq. (8.21)
Black Body	Planck's Law	$S_A(\omega_c,T)=4\left(\frac{\omega_c^2}{4\pi^3c^2}\right)=\eta_c\left(\frac{\omega_c}{c}\right)^2$	Area Entropy	$S_A(\omega_c,T)=4\frac{E_c^-E_c^+}{(\hbar c)^2}$	Eq. (8.23)
Photon	Planck Matter-Energy	$E_c=\hbar\omega_c$	Duality of Triplet Quarks	$E_c^\pm=\mp i\frac{1}{2}\hbar\omega_c\quad\eta_c=\pi^{-3}\approx 33\%$	Eq. (8.24)

# PHOTON, LIGHT AND ELECTROMAGNETISM

Category	Classical and Contemporary Physics		Universal and Unified Field Theory		
Contents	Description	Formulations	Elevations	Formulations	References
General Equations	N/A		Continuity Equations	$\check{\partial}_\lambda \hat{F}_{\nu\mu}^{-n} = (\mathbf{u}\rho_q \quad \mathbf{J}_q)$	Eq. (10.1)
	N/A			$\check{\partial}_\lambda (\check{F}_{ma}^{+n})_\times = 0$	Eq. (10.2) Eq. (10.5)
Electromagnetic Fields	Magnetic Flux	$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{B}_c^- = 0^+$	Yin Continuity	$(\mathbf{u}\nabla) \cdot \mathbf{B}_q^- = 0$	Eq. (10.5)
	Farads's Law	$\frac{\partial \mathbf{B}_c^-}{\partial t} + \nabla \times \mathbf{E}_c^- = 0^+$		$\frac{\partial \mathbf{B}_q^-}{\partial t} + \left(\frac{\mathbf{u}}{c} \nabla\right) \times \mathbf{E}_q^- = 0$	Eq. (10.6)
	Electric Flux	$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{D}_c^+ = \rho_q$	Yang Continuity	$(\mathbf{u}\nabla) \cdot \mathbf{D}_q^+ = \mathbf{u}\rho_q$	Eq. (10.3)
	Ampère's Circuital Law	$\frac{\partial \mathbf{D}_c^+}{\partial t} - \nabla \times \mathbf{H}_c^+ = -\mathbf{J}_q$		$\frac{\mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{u}}{c^2} \nabla \times \mathbf{H}_q^+ - \frac{\partial \mathbf{D}_q^+}{\partial t} = -\mathbf{J}_q + \mathbf{H}_q^+ \cdot \left(\frac{\mathbf{u}}{c} \nabla\right) \times \frac{\mathbf{u}}{c}$	Eq. (10.4)
	Lorentz Force	$\mathbf{F}_q^+ = Q(\mathbf{E}_c^- + \mathbf{u} \times \mathbf{B}_c^-)$	Yin Fluxion Force	Derived the Same	Eq. (13.8)
Photon	Planck and Einstein Relations	$E = mc^2 \rightleftharpoons \hbar\omega$	Dual States of Triplet Quacks	$E_c^\pm = \mp i \frac{1}{2} \hbar\omega_c \quad \eta_c = \pi^{-3} \approx 33\%$	Eq. (8.23) Eq. (8.24)
Conservation of Light	Constant Speed	$c$	YinYang Boost Entanglements	Law of Conservation of Light	Artifact 8.8

# LAW OF CONSERVATION OF LIGHT

1. *Light remains constant and conserves over time during its transportation*
2. *Light is consisted of virtual energy duality as its irreducible unit: photon*
3. *Light has at least two photons for entanglement at zero net momentum*
4. *Light transports and performs a duality of virtual waves and real objects*
5. *A light energy of potential density neither can be created nor destroyed*
6. *Light transforms from one form to another carrying potential messages*
7. *Without an energy supply, no light can be delivered to its surroundings*
8. *The net flow across a region is sunk to or drawn from physical resources*

- ▶ By applying to the full-scale of quantum and particle physics, the theoretical foundation illustrates the desired result, **Unified Field Theory**.
- ▶ It begins with a pair of Lorentz generators (7.1), a set of Pauli matrices (7.5), two pairs of electromagnetic tensors (7.8, 7.11) and two pairs of **torsion tensors** (7.14, 7.17).
- ▶ The entanglements demonstrate the **Law of Virtual Creation and Annihilation** (8.1, 8.2), and the **Law of Physical Animation and Reproduction** (8.4, 8.5), giving rise to the Dirac equation (8.10) and Schrödinger equation (8.17).
- ▶ It also implies the **Law of Conservation of Light** (8.8) and connects precisely to the **triple-state coupling** (8.23) of black body radiation (8.23), transported with **a pair of photons** (8.24).

## COMMENTARY ON QUANTUM MECHANICS

# QED, QCD AND STANDARD MODEL

Category	Classical and Contemporary Physics		Universal and Unified Field Theory		
Contents	Description	Formulations	Elevations	Formulations	References
General Equations	N/A		Yin Yang Lagrangians	$\hat{\mathcal{L}}^+ = \frac{c^2}{iE_n^-} \varphi_n^- \left( i \frac{\hbar}{c} \gamma^\nu \partial_\nu + m \right) \phi_n^+ - \frac{\hbar}{E_n^-} \partial_\lambda \hat{F}_{\nu\mu}^{+n} - \frac{1}{2} \hat{F}_{\nu\mu}^{-n} \hat{F}_{\nu\mu}^{+n}$	Eq. (9.1)
	N/A			$\hat{\mathcal{L}}^- = i \frac{c^2}{E_n^+} \phi_n^+ \left( i \frac{\hbar}{c} \gamma_\nu \partial_\nu - m \right) \varphi_n^- + \frac{\hbar}{2E_n^+} \partial_\lambda \hat{F}_{\nu\mu}^{-n}$	Eq. (9.2)
Quantum Electro-dynamics (QED)	Yang-Mills Theory	$\mathcal{L}_{gf} = \frac{-1}{2} \text{Tr}(F^2) = \frac{-1}{4} F^{\alpha\mu\nu} F_{\mu\nu}^\alpha$	Dual States of Triplet Quarks	$2\mathcal{L}_{QED} = \hat{\mathcal{L}}^+ + 2\hat{\mathcal{L}}^-$ $\mathcal{L}_{QED} = \bar{\psi}_n \left( i \frac{\hbar}{c} \gamma_\nu \partial_\nu - m \right) \varphi_n^- - \frac{1}{4} \hat{F}_{\nu\mu}^{-n} \hat{F}_{\nu\mu}^{+n}$	Eq. (9.5)
	Continuity	$c \partial_\nu F^{\nu\mu} = j^\mu$ $j^\mu = e c \bar{\phi} \gamma^\mu \partial_\nu \varphi$	Yin Continuity	$e c \bar{\phi}_n \gamma_\nu \partial_\nu \varphi_n^- = \partial_\lambda \hat{F}_{\nu\mu}^{-n}$ Derived the Same	Eq. (9.3)
	Lorenz Gauge	$-\frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\partial^2 A_\nu^+}{\partial t^2} + \nabla^2 A_\nu^+ = \frac{e}{c} \bar{\phi}_n \gamma^\nu \partial^\lambda \varphi_n^-$	Conservation of Yang Fluxion	$\partial_\lambda \partial^\lambda A_\nu^+ = \partial_\lambda \hat{F}_{\nu\mu}^{-n}$ Derived the Same	Eq. (9.4)
Quantum Chromo-dynamics (QCD) + Standard Model	Weak Fields	$\hat{\mathcal{L}}_{WF} = \bar{\psi}_n \left( i \hbar \gamma_\nu D_\nu - m \right) \varphi_n^- - \frac{1}{4} \hat{W}_{\nu\mu}^{-n} \hat{W}_{\nu\mu}^{+n} - \frac{1}{4} \hat{F}_{\nu\mu}^{-n} \hat{F}_{\nu\mu}^{+n}$			Eq. (9.6)
	Gauge Forces	$\hat{\mathcal{L}}_{SD} = \bar{\psi}_n \left( i \hbar \gamma_\nu D_\nu - m \right) \varphi_n^- - \frac{1}{4} G_{\nu\mu}^n G_{\nu\mu}^n + \hat{\mathcal{L}}_{CP}$	$D_\nu = \partial_\nu + i \frac{e}{\hbar} A_\nu$ $G_{\nu\mu}^a = \partial_\nu A_\mu^a - \partial_\mu A_\nu^a + g f^{abc} A_\nu^b A_\mu^c$	Derived the Same	Eq. (9.8) Eq. (9.9)
	Field Interactions	$\hat{\mathcal{L}}_{CP} = -\bar{\psi}_n \gamma^\mu \left( g' \frac{1}{2} Y_W B_\mu + g \frac{1}{2} \sigma_\nu W_{\nu\mu} \right) \varphi_n^-$			Eq. (9.12)
	Higgs	$\hat{\mathcal{L}}_{Force} = -\frac{1}{2E_n^+ E_n^-} \left( \frac{\hbar^2}{c^2} \partial^\lambda \partial_\lambda \phi_n^2 - 4m^2 \phi_n^2 - \lambda \phi_n^4 \dots \right)$			Eq. (9.13)

- ▶ By a physically accurate interpretation of *Lagrangians* (8.6, 9.1-9.2), the quantum theory is further transformed and materializes at the subatomic level where the Universal Topology has a conventional physical interpretation.
- ▶ We arrive at Yang–Mills gauge theory (9.5), which opens the door to quantum electromagnetism (9.6), the Standard Model (9.8), weak and strong forces of chromodynamics (9.12-9.13), as well as the Maxwell equations (10.7-10.10).
- ▶ Consequently, giving rise to the magnificent giants of modern physics.

COMMENTARY ON  
**QED, QCD AND STANDARD MODEL**



# GENERAL SYMMETRIC DYNAMICS

Reference: <http://vixra.org/abs/1709.0385>

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# GENERAL SYMMETRIC DYNAMICS

Category	Classical and Contemporary Physics		Universal and Unified Field Theory		
General Equations	N/A		Second Universal Field Equations	$\partial_\lambda \mathbf{f}_s^+ = \langle W_0 \rangle^+ - \left[ (\kappa_1 + \kappa_2 \partial_{\lambda_3}) (\partial^{\lambda_2} - \partial_{\lambda_2}) \right]^+ + \kappa_2 \zeta^+$	Eq. (12.2)
	N/A			$\partial_\lambda \mathbf{f}_s^- = \langle W_0 \rangle^- + \kappa_1 [\partial_{\lambda_1} - \partial^{\lambda_1}]^- + \kappa_2 \left[ (\partial^{\lambda_2} - \partial_{\lambda_2}) \partial_{\lambda_1} \right]^- + \kappa_2 \zeta^-$	Eq. (12.4)
Symmetric Commutation	Commutator, Anti-commutator	$[A_1, A_2] \quad \langle A_1, A_2 \rangle$	Commutator and Density Fluxion Asymmetry & Anti-asymmetry	$[ \quad ]^\mp \quad \langle \quad \rangle^\mp$	Eq. (11.1) ---- (11.4)
Asymmetric Commutation	Quantum State	$\langle m   \lambda   n \rangle$		$\langle \hat{\lambda} \rangle^+ = \varphi_n^- \hat{\lambda} \phi_n^+ \quad \langle \hat{\lambda} \rangle^- = \varphi_n^+ \hat{\lambda} \phi_n^-$	Eq. (11.3) Eq. (11.4)
Field Entanglements	The 4-potential	$\partial_\nu D_\mu - \partial_\mu D_\nu$	Boost Generator	$[F_{\mu\alpha}]^\mp = \pm [\dot{x}^\alpha J_{\mu\alpha}^- \partial_\mu, \dot{x}_\alpha J_{\mu\alpha}^+ \partial^\mu]^\mp$	Eq. (11.9)
	N/A		Torque Generator	$[T_{\mu\alpha}]^\mp = \pm [\dot{x}^\alpha K_{\mu\alpha}^- \partial_\mu, \dot{x}_\alpha K_{\mu\alpha}^+ \partial^\mu]^\mp$	Eq. (11.10)
General Symmetric Dynamics	N/A		Boost Transform and Spiral Transport	$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{B}_s^- = 0^+ \quad \mathbf{B}_s^- = \mathbf{B}_q^- + \eta \mathbf{B}_g^- \quad \eta = c_g / c$	Eq. (13.15)
	N/A			$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{D}_s^+ = \rho_q - 4\pi G \eta \rho_g \quad \mathbf{D}_s^+ = \mathbf{D}_q^+ + \eta \mathbf{D}_g^+$	Eq. (13.16)
	N/A			$\frac{\partial \mathbf{B}_s^-}{\partial t} + \nabla \times \mathbf{E}_s^- = 0^+ \quad \mathbf{E}_s^- = \mathbf{E}_q^- + \eta \mathbf{E}_g^-$	Eq. (13.17)
	N/A			$\nabla \times (\mathbf{H}_q^+ + \eta^2 \mathbf{H}_g^+) - \frac{\partial}{\partial t} (\mathbf{D}_q^+ + \eta^2 \mathbf{D}_g^+) = \mathbf{J}_q - 4\pi G \mathbf{J}_g$	Eq. (13.18)
	Lorentz Force	$\mathbf{F}_q^+ = Q(\mathbf{E}_c^- + \mathbf{u} \times \mathbf{B}_c^-)$	Motion and Torque Entanglements	Derived the Same	Eq. (13.8)
	Lorentz's Theory (LITG)	$\mathbf{F}_m = m(\mathbf{\Gamma} + \mathbf{v}_m \times \mathbf{\Omega})$		$\mathbf{F}_g = M \mu_g (c_g^2 \mathbf{D}_g^+ + \mathbf{u}_g \times \mathbf{H}_g^+) = M(\mathbf{E}_g^- + \mathbf{u}_g \times \mathbf{B}_g^-)$	Eq. (14.5)
	Boltzmann Distribution	$p_n^\pm = \frac{h_n^\pm}{\sum h_m} = \frac{e^{i\beta E_n}}{Z} \quad Z \equiv \sum_m e^{i\beta E_m}$	Horizon Factor	Derived the Same	Eq. (15.8)
Thermodynamics	N/A		Maximum Yin Supremacy	$d\rho_E^- = T d\rho_s^- + \sum_i \mu_i d\rho_{n_i}^-$	Eq. (15.14)
	N/A		Minimum Yang Supremacy	$P + \rho_E^+ = T \rho_s^+ + \sum_i \mu_i \rho_{n_i}^+$	Eq. (15.15)
	Bloch Density Equations	$-i \frac{\partial \rho^-}{\partial \beta} = \hat{H} \rho^- - h_\beta \frac{\partial^2 \rho}{\partial \beta^2} = \hat{H} \rho$	Density of Yang Supremacy	Derived the Same	Eq. (15.16)

- ▶ Starting from natural continuities and entangle commutations, the definitions of the mathematical model (11.1-11.6) animate the dynamics **symmetrically** and asymmetrically.
- ▶ This implies logical formulations of area flux entropy (11.7), transform (11.9) and torque (11.10) entanglements.
- ▶ The theoretical model above further abstracts the World Equations (5.7) into the horizon expression (12.1), called the **Second Universal Equations** (12.2, 12.4).
- ▶ It is consistent with a pair of acceleration tensors (11.7, 12.6).
- ▶ The last chapter briefly introduces a duality of thermodynamics and area entropy of black hole radiation.

## COMMENTARY ON **GENERAL SYMMETRIC DYNAMICS**

# GRAVITON AND GRAVITATIONAL FIELDS

Category	Classical and Contemporary Physics		Universal and Unified Field Theory		
Contents	Description	Formulations	Elevations	Formulations	References
Weak Fields	Lorentz's Theory (LITG)	$\nabla \cdot \Omega = 0$	Conservation of Yin Fluxion	$(\mathbf{u}_g \nabla) \cdot \mathbf{B}_g^- = 0$	Eq. (14.1)
		$\frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial t} + \nabla \times \Gamma = 0$		$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \mathbf{B}_g^- + \left( \frac{\mathbf{u}_g}{c_g} \nabla \right) \times \mathbf{E}_g^- = 0$	Eq. (14.3)
		$\nabla \cdot \Gamma = -4\pi G \rho$	Conservation of Yang Fluxion	$\mathbf{u}_g \nabla \cdot \mathbf{D}_g^+ = -4\pi G \mathbf{u}_g \rho_g$	Eq. (14.2)
		$\nabla \times \Omega = \frac{1}{c_g^2} \left( -4\pi G \mathbf{J} + \frac{\partial \Gamma}{\partial t} \right)$		$\frac{\mathbf{u}_g \cdot \mathbf{u}_g}{c^2} \nabla \times \mathbf{H}_g^+ - \left( \frac{c_g}{c} \right)^2 \frac{\partial \mathbf{D}_g^+}{\partial t} = -4\pi G \mathbf{J}_g + \mathbf{H}_g^+ \cdot \left( \frac{\mathbf{u}_g}{c} \nabla \right) \times \frac{\mathbf{u}_g}{c}$	Eq. (14.4)
Gravitational Force	Lorentz's Theory (LITG)	$\mathbf{F}_m = m (\Gamma + \mathbf{v}_m \times \Omega)$	Yin Fluxion Force	$\mathbf{F}_g = M \mu_g (c_g^2 \mathbf{D}_g^+ + \mathbf{u}_g \times \mathbf{H}_g^+) = M (\mathbf{E}_g^- + \mathbf{u}_g \times \mathbf{B}_g^-)$	Eq. (14.5)
Continuity of Gravitation	N/A		Continuity of Yin Fluxion	$-\frac{1}{c_g^2} \frac{\partial^2 \Phi_g}{\partial t^2} + \nabla^2 \Phi_g = 4 \frac{E_g^- E_g^+}{(\hbar c_g)^2}$	Eq (14.8)
Black Hole Entropy	Bekenstein-Hawking	$S_A(\omega_g, T) = 4 \left( \frac{c_g^3}{4\hbar G} \right)$	YinYang Area Entanglements	$S_A(\omega_g, T) = 4 \frac{E_g^- E_g^+}{(\hbar c_g)^2}$	Eq. (14.9)
Graviton	N/A		A pair of Gravitons	$E_g^\pm = \mp i \frac{1}{2} E_p \quad E_p = \sqrt{\hbar c_g^5 / G}$	Eq. (14.10)
Conservation of Gravitation	N/A		Law of Conservation	Law of Conservation of Gravitation	Artifact 13.7
Force of Gravity	Newton's Law of Gravity	$\mathbf{F}^- = -m \nabla \Phi_g = -m G \rho_g \frac{\mathbf{r}}{r^2}$	Restricted Law of Conservation	Derived the Same	Eq. (14.6) Eq. (14.7)

# LAW OF CONSERVATION OF GRAVITATION

1. *Gravitation remains constant and conserves over time during its transportation*
2. *Gravitation transports in wave formation virtually and acts on objects physically*
3. *A gravitation energy of potential density neither can be created nor destroyed*
4. *Gravitation is consisted of virtual energy duality as an irreducible unit: graviton*
5. *Gravitation has at least two gravitons for entanglement at zero net momentum*
6. *Gravitation transports from one form to another carrying potential messages*
7. *Without an energy supply, no gravitation can be delivered to its surroundings*
8. *The net flow across a region is sunk to or drawn from the physical resources*
9. *External to objects, gravity is inversely proportional to the square of the distance*

- ▶ The General Symmetric Fields (13.15-13.18) are a set of the coupled electromagnetic and gravitational fields (14.1-14.7), symmetric gravitation (14.1-14.7) and Newton's Law (14.7).
- ▶ The law of conservation of gravitation (13.7) demonstrates nine principles,
- ▶ among them the two-state coupling of gravitational radiation (13.9), graviton energy (13.10) and gravitational momentum (13.11).

COMMENTARY ON

# **GRAVITON AND GRAVITATIONAL FIELDS**

# AGENDA

1. Generations of Physics
2. Mission Overview
3. Universal Topology
4. Topological Framework
5. Quantum Mechanics
6. QED, QCD and Standard Model
7. Photon, Light and Electromagnetism
8. Law of Conservation of Light
9. Graviton and Gravitational Fields
10. Law of Conservation of Gravitation
11. General Symmetric Dynamics
12. **Our Challenges and Glorious Future**



# ***Everything turned out to be simple and concise, yet extremely challenge — desensitized by its puzzling complexity of current traditional concepts***

- ▶ Our challenge is, in fact, to leave behind the ambiguous philosophy that we were born with.
- ▶ Our challenge is to open up our minds to the facts hidden in the fabric of daily life.
- ▶ Our challenge is to soften our metaphysical prejudices, for the assumption that there is no metaphysical reality is also a metaphysics itself
- ▶ Our challenge is all the ignominious desensitized by the clamor of the excessive hype.

**OUR CHALLENGE IS EVEN GREATER**



# OUR GLORIOUS FUTURE

- ▶ No mater

Where you come from, where you are, and where you go,  
Human society is at the dawn of a series of revolutions for a new era.

1. **Advancing scientific philosophies to the next generation**
2. **Standardizing topological frameworks for modern physics**
3. **Developing information technologies through virtual reality**
4. **Theorizing biology and biophysics in innovative life sciences**
5. **Reformulating metaphysics on the basis of scientific naturalism**

- ▶ It is time to reevaluate and give **Rise of the Ancient Philosophy**
- ▶ It is time to teamwork together to **Back to the Scientific Future...**

Mr. Wei XU is a highly organized, resourceful and focused entrepreneur. From software engineer to tech guru, from executive to entrepreneur, he has over thirty years of extensive experiences in delivering comprehensive innovations in information technologies. From scientist to philosopher, his focus is to uncover whole structures of *Elementary Particles*, *Dark Energy*, and fundamental theories, known as *Unified*, *Universal* and *Cosmological Physics*.

Funded by the White House in 1993 to secure the first website of whitehouse.gov<sup>a</sup>, Wei developed one of the top application firewalls in June 1994: Gauntlet Firewall<sup>b</sup>, initiating the third generation firewalls<sup>c</sup>. Upon his successful completion of IPsec<sup>a</sup> research, he released the first commercial VPN product in the IT industry market in December 1994. As a pioneer of information security, Wei founded Spontaneous Networks in 1999, where he created the cloud service security on-demand transformable at the click of a button. Since then, he served as a Chief Architect and delivered thousands of virtual secure datacenter networks nationally and internationally. Today, he is developing the groundbreaking innovations: Virtual Productive Forces, enlightened by his recent scientific discoveries.

During the two years in 2009 and 2010, Wei received a set of books in the old classic manuscripts: *Worlds in Universe*. Appeared initially as the profound topology of universe in philosophy, it has gradually and concisely revealed the theoretical physics: a) the constitution of *Elementary Particles* including *Dark Matters* in 2012, b) the model of *Dark Energy* in 2014 coincident with ESA Planck data, c) universal topology and framework in 2015, and c) groundbreakings in theorizing “*Law of Conservation of Photon*”, “*Law of Conservation of Graviton*”, and “*Law of Conservation of Ontology and Cosmological Dynamics*” in 2017.

Mr. Xu holds his BS and his first MS degrees in Theoretical Physics from Ocean University of China and Tongji University, and his second MS degree in Electrical and Computer Engineering from University of Massachusetts<sup>a</sup>.



Author



**A branch of sciences in dialectics  
of virtual and physical existences**

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**Missions  
Impossible**

**Never is there  
an end**